This document contains ‘sample answers’, or, in the case of some questions, ‘answers could include’. These are developed by the examination committee for two purposes. The committee does this:

(a) as part of the development of the examination paper to ensure the questions will effectively assess students’ knowledge and skills, and

(b) in order to provide some advice to the Supervisor of Marking about the nature and scope of the responses expected of students.

The ‘sample answers’ or similar advice are not intended to be exemplary or even complete answers or responses. As they are part of the examination committee’s ‘working document’, they may contain typographical errors, omissions, or only some of the possible correct answers.
Section I — Listening and Responding

Question 1

*Sample answer:*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Μοντέλο</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Μάρκα</td>
<td>Μερεντές</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Αριθμός Κυκλοφορίας</td>
<td>ΝΞΡ 5072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Χρώμα</td>
<td>μπλε</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Question 2

*Sample answer:*

We learn that it is a strong relationship in which they are able to disagree and argue, but still find a compromise.

Question 3

*Sample answer:*

This advertisement is targeting people who are interested in full-time work, those who have finished an Economics degree and those who are prepared to work overtime and are cooperative workers.

Question 4

*Sample answer:*

Sofia presents as a gracious young lady as she introduces herself and thanks the school. She is also generous, offering to return the gesture of hospitality shown to her by the students of the school. She is hardworking and determined by adapting to the education system in Greece, achieving good results – persevering even though she encountered difficulties.

Question 5

*Sample answer:*

Dear Maria,

I know you don’t want to hear this, but Antonis and I are very concerned about you. We have just seen a great ad which we believe will help you physically and mentally overcome the problems you have faced recently. There’s a great resort on Crete whose setting we believe will inspire you to paint again, something you neglected while with Petros. It also offers gym, pool and yoga facilities, which will help you heal after your accident. To further encourage you, Antonis and I insist on paying for the holiday. Please take up this opportunity.

Your loving friend, Vasiliki
Question 6

Sample answer:
Kostas believes that the minimum driving age should be 17. He is calm and logical in his thinking and uses himself as an example. He uses persuasive, positive language such as Μα Ελένη γιατί δεν κοιτάς και τη δική μου περίπτωση. On the other hand Eleni believes that the driving age should be 18. She is strong-willed and not willing to listen to Kostas’ viewpoint. She is irrational, emotional and sees things only from her own perspective eg. Αυτή είναι η γνώμη μου και δεν την αλλάξω με τίποτα!

Question 7

Sample answer:
Aspasia persuades Periklis to change his mind about the existence of a cultural centre and a meeting place through her change of tone from gentle and reflective to aggressive (raising her voice and using short sharp sentences). She appeals to his interests, which are books and films. She uses comparisons between Greeks’ and other nationalities’ physical resources to indicate need. She gives examples and suggestions of possible resources such as a library.

Section II — Reading and Responding
Part A

Question 8 (a)

Sample answer:
To inform his friends of the break up and to express his feelings.

Question 8 (b)

Sample answer:
Rena is amazed at the announcement. She was convinced they were an ideal couple and that they would marry.

Question 8 (c)

Sample answer:
A
Question 8 (d)

Sample answer:
Antonis is realistic because he acknowledges the relationship is over. He is also sensitive because he expresses hurt about the breakup.

Rena is thoughtful and caring because she offers to help them mend their relationship. She is also strong and decisive because she questions Stavros’ viewpoint and offers Antonis a solution. Stavros initially appears selfish because he puts his and the group’s needs before Antonis’(Εγώ και η παρέα έχουμε πολύ αγαπάκτησε μαζί σου). He is also pragmatic because he tells Antonis all the things that he can now achieve. Sofia is calculating/selfish because his breakup with his girlfriend will now benefit her and the group.

Question 9 (a)

Sample answer:
The study reveals that Earth’s temperature will rise by 4ºC, that the sea temperature was the highest to date and that there will be catastrophic repercussions for the planet.

Question 9 (b)

Sample answer:
The issues raised in this article include the concern for the global warming of our planet due to deforestation, the confusion which exists regarding the state of the environment, the greed of the multi-national corporations and the way they pollute the atmosphere, and the responsibility of governments and the individual to take a stand and make a difference.

Question 9 (c)

Sample answer:
The title is very effective because it sets the tone of urgency through the use of emotive language (καταστροφή, ατρόμητα, πνεύμονες της γης), rhetorical questions (πώς μπορούν όμως αυτοί..., πώς θα αντιδράσουμε...), persuasive language (πρέπει), and the use of the possessive pronoun (μας).

Question 9 (d)

Sample answer:
The author’s purpose is achieved by informing the readers and encouraging them to take action. She does this by providing facts and statistics (the Brazilian forests have reduced in size by 132,000 kms), the use of emotive language (Καταστροφή, απληροτία, πνεύμονες της γης), rhetorical questions (πώς μπορούν όμως αυτοί..., πώς θα αντιδράσουμε...), persuasive language (πρέπει), and the use of the possessive pronoun (μας).