When examination committees develop questions for the examination, they may write ‘sample answers’ or, in the case of some questions, ‘answers could include’. The committees do this to ensure that the questions will effectively assess students’ knowledge and skills.

This material is also provided to the Supervisor of Marking, to give some guidance about the nature and scope of the responses the committee expected students would produce. How sample answers are used at marking centres varies. Sample answers may be used extensively and even modified at the marking centre OR they may be considered only briefly at the beginning of marking. In a few cases, the sample answers may not be used at all at marking.

The Board publishes this information to assist in understanding how the marking guidelines were implemented.

The ‘sample answers’ or similar advice contained in this document are not intended to be exemplary or even complete answers or responses. As they are part of the examination committee’s ‘working document’, they may contain typographical errors, omissions, or only some of the possible correct answers.
Section I — Listening and Responding
Part A

Question 1

Sample answer:
To ask all Year 11 students to come to the school library to discuss an upcoming summer camp event.

Question 2 (a)

Sample answer:
He has been busy preparing for an exam on Wednesday next week.

Question 2 (b)

Sample answer:
She will call Jenny to find out whether she wants to join the part-time work at the Korean festival and let Junsu know about it.

Question 3 (a)

Sample answer:
(C)

Question 3 (b)

Sample answer:
She won the first prize in the language contest in Seoul. She was impressed with Koreans as they are kind to foreign students, especially when they speak Korean to them. She also was impressed with the convenience of the public transport system in Seoul.

Question 4

Sample answer:
He will take the Super Mart job although he doesn’t like the inconvenience of travelling and the idea of working at the weekends. He can’t afford to go to work everyday because he needs time to study for his HSC. He also needs to save some money for travelling to Korea. The Super Mart job is only for weekends and pays higher rates.
Question 5

Sample answer:
Anna thinks that Junsu should tell the teacher the truth, even though John is his best friend and he promised not to tell anyone about the incident. If Junsu doesn’t tell the truth, other innocent people could get punished wrongfully. She feels that true friendship survives only if it is righteous.

Section I — Listening and Responding
Part B

Question 6

Sample answer:

- 수미 누나에게서 전화 왔음.
- 내일 저녁 선생님이 바쁘셔서 선생님집에 못 갔.
- 토요일 아침 10시에 가기로 함.
- 선물을 사아하니가, 내일 오전 4시에 시티백화점 앞에서 만나기로 함.

Translation:
- A call from Sumi
- Can’t go to teacher’s house because he’s busy tomorrow evening.
- Decided to go there at 10am Saturday
- We’ll meet at 4pm tomorrow in front of City Department Store to buy a present for him.

Question 7

Sample answer:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>전에 안내원으로 일한 적이 있어요? (Have you worked as a receptionist before?)</th>
<th>□ 네</th>
<th>□ 아니요</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>나이</td>
<td>열일곱 살</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>취미</td>
<td>그림 그리기 (한국미술)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>주말에 일 할 수 있어요? (Can you work at the weekend?)</td>
<td>□ 네</td>
<td>□ 아니요</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>왜 이 일을 하고 싶어요? (Why do you want this job?)</td>
<td>앞으로 미술대학에서 한국미술을 전공 하고 싶은데 도움이 될 것 같아서</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>어떻게 일하러 올 거예요? (How do you get to work?)</td>
<td>자기 차 (로 올 것임)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>이 일을 어떻게 알았어요? (How did you find this job?)</td>
<td>한국신문 (에서 보았음)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section II — Reading and Responding

Part A

Question 8 (a)

Sample answer:
Male children have almost double the risk of becoming obese compared to female children: 66% vs 34%.

Question 8 (b)

Sample answer:
Regular exercise will dramatically reduce the risk of becoming obese. As the data shows, kids who spend longer in front of TV or computers have double the risk of becoming obese: 15% vs 30%, and 5% vs 10% respectively. However, the kids who are more obese actually exercise more than kids who are not obese because they are more concerned about their weight than the others: 17% vs 40%.

Question 8 (c)

Sample answer:
Eating habits are very closely related to obesity. One of the most serious factors causing obesity is eating too fast and too much. If kids miss breakfast they tend to eat more at the next meal. Obese kids like most kinds of food. So they eat more than the other group. Consuming more junk food also causes obesity. However, eating oily food doesn’t seem to lead to weight gain. To avoid being obese, kids should be encouraged to develop healthy eating habits such as eating breakfast every day, eating slowly, and avoiding junk food.

Question 9 (a)

Sample answer:
He wanted his kids to have a better education. He also wanted his kids to be fluent in English. He believed that moving to Canada could be the answer to achieving both.

Question 9 (b)

Sample answer:
Firstly his kids will soon complete their university education and this was his main reason for immigrating to Australia. Secondly he thinks that he can get a new job or start a new business because he can speak English and Japanese well and still have some property for settlement in Korea. And lastly he wants to live closer to his parents and siblings.
Question 9 (c)

Sample answer:

They have quite different views on going back to Korea although they are both in a similar situation. They both had a good education and good jobs in Korea, but they decided to leave Korea for a better education for their kids. Now their kids are educated; in addition, they both want to change their career.

Mr Park now has no reason to stay in Canada. His kids are university students with fluent English which will help them to get good jobs in Korea. He doesn’t enjoy living in Canada, working like a horse without having much fun. He still has problems with his English. He wants to live closer to his parents and siblings.

However, Mrs Lee has a different view towards going back to Korea permanently. She doesn’t believe that her husband could get a good job or start a new business in Korea because they have been out of the country for too long. Her kids can’t speak Korean well enough to live in Korea. Although she doesn’t speak English fluently, she can manage to live comfortably in Sydney running her Korean grocery business. She also likes the mild weather in Sydney. Therefore she prefers living in Sydney.