



BOARD OF STUDIES  
NEW SOUTH WALES

**2000  
SCHOOL  
CERTIFICATE  
TRIAL TEST**

**7 November**

**AUSTRALIAN  
HISTORY,  
GEOGRAPHY,  
CIVICS AND  
CITIZENSHIP**

**SECTION 2**

**CENTRE NUMBER**

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**STUDENT NUMBER**

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**Directions for Section 2—  
Australian Geography**

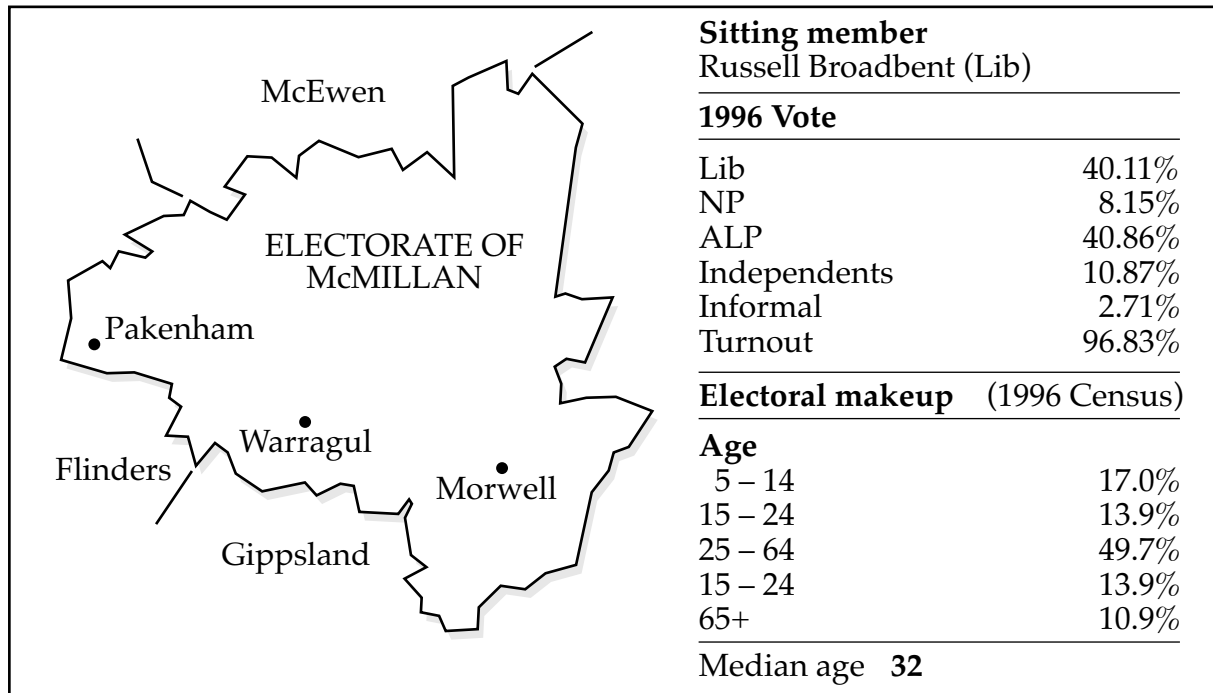
- 1 Allow about 60 minutes to answer this section
- 2 This section has TWO parts

Part C	Questions 24–43	(20 marks)
Part D	Questions 44–47	(30 marks)
- 3 Use the Australian Geography Sources on pages 5–8 of the Stimulus Booklet to answer questions in this section
- 4
  - Write your answers to Part C on the separate Answer Sheet
  - Write your answers to Part D on pages 20–23 of this booklet
- 5 Write your Centre Number and Student Number at the top of this page.

## PART C

Complete your answers to Questions 24–43 on the separate Answer Sheet.

Questions 24 – 25 relate to the information below.



- 24 What is the extent of the electorate determined by?
- (A) contour lines describing landform  
 (B) the political preferences of the voters  
 (C) town planning and local council subdivisions  
 (D) population size and distribution
- 25 Which one of the following strategies will most likely help Russell Broadbent to be re-elected?
- (A) campaigning vigorously with environmental groups  
 (B) negotiating preferences with the ALP  
 (C) negotiating preferences with the NP and Independents  
 (D) encouraging all informal voters to register

Questions 26 – 27 relate to the information below.

JOBS THE BIG ISSUE IN VALLEY OF DESOLATION

After the privatisation of the Victorian power industry, the power towns in Gippsland, east of Melbourne, have declined. 70% of workers in the industry have lost their jobs. Unemployment in the marginal seat of McMillan is the second highest in Australia at 14.1%. Youth unemployment stands at 44%. As a result, many workers who generally support the ALP have sometimes voted Liberal or National, and are toying with the idea of voting One Nation.

- 26 In the McMillan electorate, which consequence of unemployment is stated?
- (A) privatisation
  - (B) voting trends
  - (C) the power industry
  - (D) social inequality
- 27 Some electorates are described as ‘marginal seats’. What is a ‘marginal seat’?
- (A) one in which there is high youth unemployment
  - (B) one which is about to be abolished
  - (C) one in which there are uncertain and frequently changing voting preferences
  - (D) one which is located on the edge of an electorate
- 28 Refer to Source L in the Stimulus Booklet.
- Which of the following conclusions is most strongly supported by the Land Clearing Map in Source L?
- (A) More land has been cleared in Queensland than in any other state.
  - (B) Land clearing in NSW ended in 1950.
  - (C) No land clearing has occurred in much of Central Australia.
  - (D) There is no vegetation left around Alice Springs.

29 Refer to Source M in the Stimulus Booklet.

What statement best describes the spatial inequality evident in the source?

- (A) Aboriginal health standards are better in rural areas than in urban areas.
- (B) There is unequal access to health services between urban and rural areas.
- (C) Non-Aboriginal people in rural areas have greater access to health services compared to metropolitan residents.
- (D) Increases in urban medical services would directly benefit most of the Aboriginal population.

30 Refer to Source L in the Stimulus Booklet.

Which of the following statements about the two maps is most correct?

- (A) No conclusions can be drawn due to the different time scales of the two maps.
- (B) Aboriginal populations are concentrated in areas with high levels of land clearing.
- (C) Aboriginal people have been displaced from areas with high levels of land clearing since 1950.
- (D) Aboriginal people have cleared large sections of Queensland and Western Australia through the use of fire.

31 Refer to Source K in the Stimulus Booklet.

Which of the following contrasts between indigenous Australians and the total Australian population is illustrated by the two population pyramids?

- (A) A large Indigenous youth population leads to high rates of unemployment.
- (B) Indigenous life expectancy is lower than that of other Australians.
- (C) Indigenous Australians are just as likely to live to 75 years age as other Australians.
- (D) The number of indigenous infants is greater than the number of other Australian infants.

- 32 What would be the most direct impact of reduced government spending in country towns?
- (A) increased unemployment in the local community
  - (B) higher levels of suicide amongst country youth
  - (C) higher demand for local medical services
  - (D) increased regional income
- 33 Average incomes in urban areas are increasing at a greater rate than in rural areas. The two most likely reasons for this are:
- (A) the impact of drought and the failure of regional tourism
  - (B) land degradation and the rise of the metropolitan service sector
  - (C) increasing salinity and delayed recognition of native title
  - (D) dieback of native trees and spatial inequality
- 34 Refer to Source P in the Stimulus Book. Which of the following best explains the trends portrayed in the newspaper headlines?
- (A) the closure of banks and other rural services
  - (B) preferences for a rural lifestyle
  - (C) the declining profitability of rural services
  - (D) conflict between Federal and State government policies

Questions 35–41 refer to Source N in the Stimulus Booklet.

- 35 The responsibility for managing the environment in the area shown by letter A rests with:
- (A) the local council
  - (B) CSIRO
  - (C) National Parks and Wildlife Service
  - (D) local residents

- 36 A tourism development corporation is proposing a new development at point B. Which of the following institutions is responsible for providing development guidelines for such proposals?
- (A) The Land and Environment Court
  - (B) the local planning authority
  - (C) The Ombudsman
  - (D) Federal Cabinet
- 37 Refer to the fieldwork activity shown in Source N in the Stimulus Book.
- Which fieldwork activity would immediately follow the one shown in the drawing?
- (A) the analysis of data collected
  - (B) the planning of an investigation
  - (C) the communication of research findings
  - (D) the design and conducting of interviews
- 38 Students shown in the drawing found high nutrient levels in the water. What is the most likely cause of this finding?
- (A) use of fertilisers in farming areas up stream
  - (B) native vegetation along stream banks
  - (C) acid rain in the catchment
  - (D) the presence of blue-green algae
- 39 What is the scale of the catchment map?
- (A) 1 : 10 000
  - (B) 1 : 50 000
  - (C) 1 : 100 000
  - (D) 1 : 250 000
- 40 What is the general direction of river flow within the southern half of the catchment?
- (A) East
  - (B) South
  - (C) North
  - (D) West

41 Consider the following statements about Bob's Creek which is located in the northern area of the catchment.

- I. Bob's Creek is an upper tributary of the catchment.
- II. Bob's Creek is located in an urban area.

- (A) Both statements are true.
- (B) Both statements are false.
- (C) Statement I is true and statement II is false.
- (D) Statement I is false and statement II is true.

42 Refer to Source R of the Stimulus Booklet.

What process of urban change would Geotown most likely be experiencing in 2002?

- (A) decentralisation
- (B) traffic congestion
- (C) urban sprawl
- (D) urban renewal

43 Consider the following statements about Geotown.

- I. There is an efficient transport network in 2002.
- II. Urban infrastructure has declined in 2020.

- (A) Both statements are true.
- (B) Both statements are false.
- (C) Statement I is true and statement II is false.
- (D) Statement I is false and statement II is true.

**End of Part C**

**Go on to Part D**

## PART D

### Question 44

- Refer to Source N and Source O of the Stimulus Booklet.

- (a) Compare the distribution of rural and industrial lands in the Flinders catchment. (4 marks)

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- (b) The people shown in the cartoon are responding to different questions about catchment issues. Design TWO survey questions which could have led to these responses. (2 marks)

Survey Question 1 .....

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Survey Question 2 .....

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**Question 45**

*Communities have a sense of identity.*

*One factor that contributes to this sense of identity is culture.*

- (a) With reference to an Australian community you have studied, outline how culture contributes to its sense of identity. (3 marks)

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- (b) State another factor that has contributed to this community's sense of identity. (1 mark)

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- (c) Outline how the factor you stated in (b) contributes to this community's sense of identity. (3 marks)

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**Question 47**

Refer to Source R in the Stimulus Booklet.

- (a) Identify TWO geographical issues faced by people living in Geotown in 2002. (2 marks)

Issue 1 .....

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Issue 2 .....

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- (b) Describe ONE strategy adopted in Geotown by 2020 to achieve a better future for its inhabitants. (3 marks)

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- (c) Outline TWO difficulties urban planners face in achieving a better future. (4 marks)

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