Assessment and Reporting in Design and Technology Stage 6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effective from</th>
<th>2011 (Preliminary and HSC courses)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date published</td>
<td>October 2010</td>
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</table>

This document contains the Board of Studies’ requirements for assessing and reporting achievement in the Preliminary and HSC courses in Design and Technology for the Higher School Certificate, and provides details of the HSC examination in this course. From time to time changes are made to HSC assessment and examination requirements. Such changes will be made available through updates to this document. Please note that the version on the Board of Studies website is always the current version.
Assessment in Stage 6

Assessment is the process of gathering information and making judgements about student achievement for a variety of purposes. In the Preliminary and HSC courses those purposes include:

- assisting student learning
- evaluating and improving teaching and learning programs
- providing evidence of satisfactory achievement and completion in the Preliminary course
- providing the Higher School Certificate results.

Assessment for Learning provides a useful approach for the delivery of the Design and Technology Preliminary and HSC courses. It provides opportunities in the context of everyday class activities for students to demonstrate their learning.

The approach is most effective when students:

- are involved in setting learning goals
- know and understand standards and expectations about what is expected and the standards of work
- receive feedback that helps them understand the next steps in their learning and plan how to undertake the next steps.

Reporting achievement at the HSC

The Higher School Certificate credentials received by students are used by the Board to report both the internal and external measures of achievement. Higher School Certificate results in Design and Technology comprise:

- an assessment mark derived from the mark submitted by the school and produced in accordance with the Board’s requirements for the internal assessment program
- an examination mark derived from the HSC external examination
- an HSC mark, which is the average of the assessment mark and the examination mark
- a performance band, determined by the HSC mark.

Student performance in an HSC course is reported against standards on a course report. The course report contains a performance scale for the course describing levels (bands) of
achievement, an HSC mark located on the performance scale, an assessment mark and an examination mark. The course report also shows, graphically, the statewide distribution of HSC marks of all students in the course.

The distribution of marks is determined by students’ performances against the standards and not scaled to a predetermined pattern of marks.

The use of both internal assessment and external examinations of student achievement allows measurements and observations to be made at several points and in different ways throughout the HSC course. Taken together, the external examination and internal assessment provide a valid and reliable assessment of the achievement of the knowledge, understanding and skills described for each course.

The Board of Studies uses a standards-referenced approach to reporting student achievement in the Higher School Certificate. The standards in the HSC are:

- the knowledge, skills and understanding expected to be learnt by students – the syllabus standards
- the levels of achievement of the knowledge, skills and understanding – the performance standards.

Both the syllabus standards and the performance standards are based on the aims, objectives, outcomes and content of the course. Together they specify what is to be learnt and how well it is to be achieved. Teacher understanding of the standards comes from the aims, objectives, outcomes and content in the syllabus together with:

- the performance descriptions that summarise the different levels of performance
- HSC examination papers and marking guidelines
- samples of students’ achievement, collected in the standards packages and published on the Board’s Assessment Resource Centre website.

**Internal assessment**

This section should be read in conjunction with advice on internal assessment in the Board’s Assessment Certification and Examination (ACE) Manual.

**Preliminary course**

The suggested components and weightings are designed to give guidance for the school’s assessment of student achievement in the Preliminary course. They may be varied to suit school needs.

**HSC course**

The Board requires schools to submit an assessment mark for each HSC candidate in Design and Technology. The internal assessment mark submitted by the school provides a summation of each student’s achievements measured at several points throughout the course. The marks submitted for each course group at a school should reflect the rank order of students, and must be on a scale sufficiently wide to reflect adequately the relative differences in student performances.

Internal assessment provides a measure of a student’s achievement based on a wider range of syllabus content and outcomes than may be covered by the external examination alone. The assessment components and weightings to be applied ensure a common focus for internal...
assessment in the course across schools, while allowing for flexibility in the design of tasks. A variety of types of task should be used to give students the opportunity to demonstrate outcomes in different ways and to improve the validity and reliability of the assessment.

The standards-referenced approach to assessment for the HSC involves schools ensuring that:

- assessment tasks reflect the weightings and components specified in this document
- tasks are designed to focus on objectives and outcomes
- the types of assessment task are appropriate for the outcomes being assessed
- students are given the opportunity to demonstrate their level of achievement of the outcomes in a range of different task types
- the assessment criteria for each task are such that higher marks are gained by demonstration of better achievement in relation to the syllabus outcomes
- students know the assessment criteria before they begin a task
- marks earned on individual tasks are expressed on a scale sufficiently wide to reflect the relative differences in student performances.

Students should receive meaningful feedback about what they are able to do, and what they need to do in order to improve their level of performance.

**The HSC examination**

The external HSC examination provides a measure of student achievement in a range of syllabus outcomes that can be reliably measured in an examination setting. The external examination and its marking relate to syllabus standards by:

- providing clear links to syllabus outcomes
- enabling students to demonstrate the levels of achievement outlined in the course performance scale
- applying marking guidelines based on criteria that relate to the quality of the response
- aligning performance in the examination each year to the standards established for the course.

**Board requirements for the HSC internal assessment mark**

The Board requires that the assessment tasks used to determine the HSC internal assessment mark must comply with the components and weightings specified. The collection of information for the HSC internal assessment mark must not begin before the completion of the Preliminary course.

Schools are required to develop an HSC internal assessment program that:

- specifies the various assessment tasks and the weightings allocated to each task
- provides a schedule of the tasks designed for the whole course.

Note that school-based assessment marks submitted to the Board must NOT include:

- measures of objectives and outcomes that address values and attitudes. (However, as these objectives are important elements of any course, schools may decide to report on them separately to students and parents, perhaps using some form of descriptive statements.)
- measures that reflect student conduct.

See the Board’s [ACE Manual](#) for further information.
Assessment and Reporting in Design and Technology Stage 6

Assessment components and weightings

Preliminary course
The suggested components and weightings for the Preliminary course are set out below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Knowledge and skills in designing and producing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suggested tasks:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Design projects</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Presentation of research</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Test-type tasks</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HSC course
The mandatory components and weightings for the HSC course are set out below. The internal assessment mark submitted to the Board of Studies is to be based on the HSC course only.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Innovation and emerging technologies</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designing and producing</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The ‘Innovation and emerging technologies’ component must include a case study of an innovation worth 20%.

Teachers may use their discretion in determining the manner in which they allocate tasks within the course content. The Board considers that 3 to 5 assessment tasks is sufficient.
Design and Technology HSC examination specifications

The examination will consist of a written paper worth 40 marks and a Major Design Project worth 60 marks.

Written Paper (40 marks)

Time allowed: 1 hour and 30 minutes plus 5 minutes reading time.

The paper will consist of three sections.

Section I (10 marks)
- There will be objective response questions to the value of 10 marks.

Section II (15 marks)
- There will be short-answer questions to the value of 15 marks.
- Questions may contain parts.
- There will be approximately four items in total.
- At least one item will be worth from 4 to 6 marks.

Section III (15 marks)
- There will be one extended response question.
- The question will have an expected length of response of around four pages of an examination writing booklet (approximately 600 words) in total.

Major Design Project (60 marks)

The Major Design Project consists of an individual product, system or environment, and a folio. The folio documents the proposal, the project management, the development and realisation, and the project evaluation.

See Requirements for the Major Design Project, below.

Summary of external and internal HSC assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>External examination</th>
<th>Mark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Written examination</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section I</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective response questions</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section II</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short-answer questions</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section III</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One extended response question</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Design Project</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal assessment</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Innovation and emerging technologies:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>case study of an innovation</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other tasks</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designing and producing</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 100 marks
Resources and advice

Further guidance and advice related to assessment and the HSC examination in Design and Technology can be found on the Board’s website at www.boardofstudies.nsw.edu.au/syllabus_hsc.

Requirements for the Major Design Project

Each candidate must undertake and present, on an individual basis, a Major Design Project for submission for the Higher School Certificate examination. The Major Design Project includes the practical hands-on activity of carrying the project through to realisation and the documentation, in a design folio, of all the steps involved in this process.

The Major Design Project involves students selecting and applying appropriate design, production and evaluation skills to a product, system or environment which satisfies an identified need or opportunity. Students have developed a wide range of skills and knowledge in the Preliminary course, and in the HSC course are able to select and use those skills and knowledge appropriate to their selected project.

The purpose of the folio is to document the project proposal, management, development, realisation and evaluation of the Major Design Project. Students need to select appropriate samples of work that reflect the processes they have followed and that provide information showing how they have met the Major Design Project examination criteria.

Folio parameters

The folio will be limited to 80 written A4 pages OR 40 written A3 pages printed on ONE side only. Note that the page limit includes the title page, index, bibliography, design ideas, concept sketches and detailed drawings, as well as information presented on displays or noticeboards.

Students who need to use a combination of A3 and A4 pages in their folios to display their work to best effect must keep to the overall page limit, using $1 \times A3$ page $= 2 \times A4$ pages as a guide.

Other media-based or multimedia-based materials in a student’s folio should not exceed six minutes viewing time in total.

Folio format

- The folio should be presented in an A4 or A3 folder.
- A clear and easily read font equivalent in size to 12-point Times New Roman should be used for text.
- Folio pages should be numbered.

Advice regarding project size

The physical size of the Major Design Project needs to be carefully considered. Teachers and students should be mindful of:

- the cost of materials
- the complexity and physical size of projects.
High marks are regularly achieved by students who have projects that are of modest cost, use minimal materials and do not require an excessive student time commitment.

**Advice regarding prototypes, models and testing items**
Depending on the type of project, prototypes, models and/or results of testing the project or its component parts may be submitted in addition to the folio parameters above. These should be relevant to the project and students will need to indicate their purpose and provide clear evidence of further action as a result of prototypes, models and/or testing. Simple labelling of these items is not included within the folio page limit.

**Advice regarding graphics and multimedia-based projects**
Graphics projects that are paper based, eg architectural drawings, magazines, posters or comic books, or multimedia based, eg web pages or animations, are not included in this page limit as these are the products, not the project folios.

Development of the Major Design Project may commence from the beginning of the HSC course.

Schools must have procedures in place that will allow effective supervision of the development of students’ Major Design Projects. This is particularly the case where work is done away from school. Note that, as it is intended that the syllabus content is taught through the development of the submitted project, most of the project is to be completed at school under the supervision of the class teacher. Projects will only be marked away from school sites in exceptional circumstances and only with the express permission of the Board of Studies before the project is started during the first term of the course. Schools must be confident that effective supervision and sufficient documentation of this work is possible before giving consent for students to begin work on their Major Design Project.

Students will be required to certify that the Major Design Project is their own original work, and that any material drawn from other sources and any outside assistance is acknowledged. Group projects are not permitted.

Teachers must certify that the work has been completed under their supervision, and that the rules and procedures detailed here have been followed.

The principal must be able to endorse the teacher’s declaration that the work:
- has been done under the teacher’s supervision
- is the student’s own work consistent with earlier drafts and other examples of the student’s work
- was completed by the due date.

On occasions it may be necessary for some minor aspect of the Major Design Project to be undertaken by some other person or agency. In such cases, the contribution of the outside agent/organisation must be documented in the design folio. Students will not be given credit for actual work completed by others. Justification for, and of, such work will be recognised in the marking process.
The teacher must keep a brief written record of each student’s progress throughout the Major Design Project. This should not be submitted with the project, but may be requested in exceptional circumstances where the examiners require further information. This record should be retained in the school together with assessment records. A Practical Project: Record of Student’s Progress is available to download from Schools Online.

**Major Design Project examination criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project proposal and management</strong></td>
<td>• identification and exploration of the need</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• areas of investigation</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>• criteria to evaluate success</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>• action, time and finance plans and their application</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project development and realisation</strong></td>
<td>• evidence of creativity – ideas generation, degree of difference and exploration of existing ideas</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• consideration of design factors relevant to the Major Design Project</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• appropriate research and experimentation of materials, tools, techniques and testing of design solutions</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• application of conclusions</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• identification and justification of ideas and resources used</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• use of communication and presentation techniques</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• evidence and application of practical skills to produce a quality project</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaluation</strong></td>
<td>• record and application of evaluation procedures throughout the design project</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• analysis and evaluation of functional and aesthetic aspects of design</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• final evaluation with respect to the project's impact on the individual, society and the environment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• relationship of the final product, system or environment to the project proposal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>