



Stage 6 Syllabus

Modern Greek Beginners

Preliminary and HSC Courses

PLEASE NOTE

The assessment and HSC examination requirements detailed in this syllabus refer to the 2009 HSC. New Assessment and Reporting information will apply to this syllabus for the 2010 HSC and beyond.

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1 The Higher School Certificate Program of Study

The purpose of the Higher School Certificate program of study is to:

- provide a curriculum structure which encourages students to complete secondary education
- foster the intellectual, social and moral development of students, in particular developing their:
 - knowledge, skills, understanding and attitudes in the fields of study they choose
 - capacity to manage their own learning
 - desire to continue learning in formal or informal settings after school
 - capacity to work together with others
 - respect for the cultural diversity of Australian society
- provide a flexible structure within which students can prepare for:
 - further education and training
 - employment
 - full and active participation as citizens
- provide formal assessment and certification of students' achievements
- provide a context within which schools also have the opportunity to foster the students' physical and spiritual development.

2 Introduction to Modern Greek Beginners in the Stage 6 Curriculum

2.1 The Language

The language to be studied and assessed is the modern standard version of Modern Greek, which is the demotic form of the written and spoken language. Students should be aware of different levels of language, for example, formal and informal. This includes the use of colloquialisms, where they are appropriate, and an awareness of regional differences.

Students will be expected to use the current language, incorporating spelling reforms and the monotonic system of accentuation. The Greek alphabet is the only script to be used in written Greek.

2.2 Description of Target Group

The Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6 course is a two-year course, which has been designed for students who wish to begin their study of Modern Greek at senior secondary level. It is intended to cater only for students with no prior knowledge or experience of the Modern Greek language, either spoken or written, or whose experience is derived solely from, or is equivalent to, its study for 100 hours or less in Stage 4 or Stage 5.

For the purpose of determining eligibility, speakers of dialects and variants of a language are considered to be speakers of the standard language. (Refer to the relevant section of the Board of Studies *Assessment, Certification and Examination Manual*.)

Students in Stage 5 may not be accelerated into Languages Beginners courses.

All eligibility requirements for Languages must be addressed.

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2.3 Rationale

Language is the basis of all communication and human interaction. By learning a second or subsequent language, students develop knowledge, understanding and skills for successful participation in the dynamic world of the 21st century.

Communicating in another language expands students' horizons as both national and global citizens.

Language and culture are interdependent. The study of another language develops in students the ability to move successfully across and within cultures, and, in the process, to experience, value and embrace the diversity of humanity.

Contemporary research has shown that learning a language facilitates cognitive and intellectual development beyond the language classroom. It enhances creativity and develops more refined and sophisticated skills in analysis, negotiation and problem-solving.

Literacy skills are enhanced through the study of another language. As the use of language is a process of communication, students' learning experiences offer opportunities to consolidate and extend their interpersonal skills. By engaging with various modes of communication, students develop effective skills in interacting, and understanding and producing texts.

Students who learn another language understand how languages work as systems. They become aware of the structure of that language through the analysis of patterns and can apply this knowledge to the learning of other languages. By making comparisons between and among languages, students strengthen their command of their first language.

The rich linguistic and cultural diversity of NSW, to which Greek-speaking communities contribute significantly, provides an educational environment where the study of other languages and cultures is valued as a unique and integral part of the senior curriculum. The satisfaction of engaging with the study of Modern Greek and of developing communication skills in the language will contribute to a student's intellectual enrichment.

Modern Greek is the official language of Greece and one of the official languages of the Republic of Cyprus. It is also one of the official languages of the European Union and is widely spoken by Greek communities around the world, including Australia.

The study of Modern Greek enables learners to gain access to and appreciate the rich culture, history, art, science and literature of Greece. Students will gain linguistic competence that allows them to communicate with Greek speakers in Australia and around the world.

In addition, the study of Modern Greek assists learners in the study of other Indo-European languages. From ancient Greece through the Byzantine era and to modern times, Greek has been a dynamic language influencing other languages and cultures.

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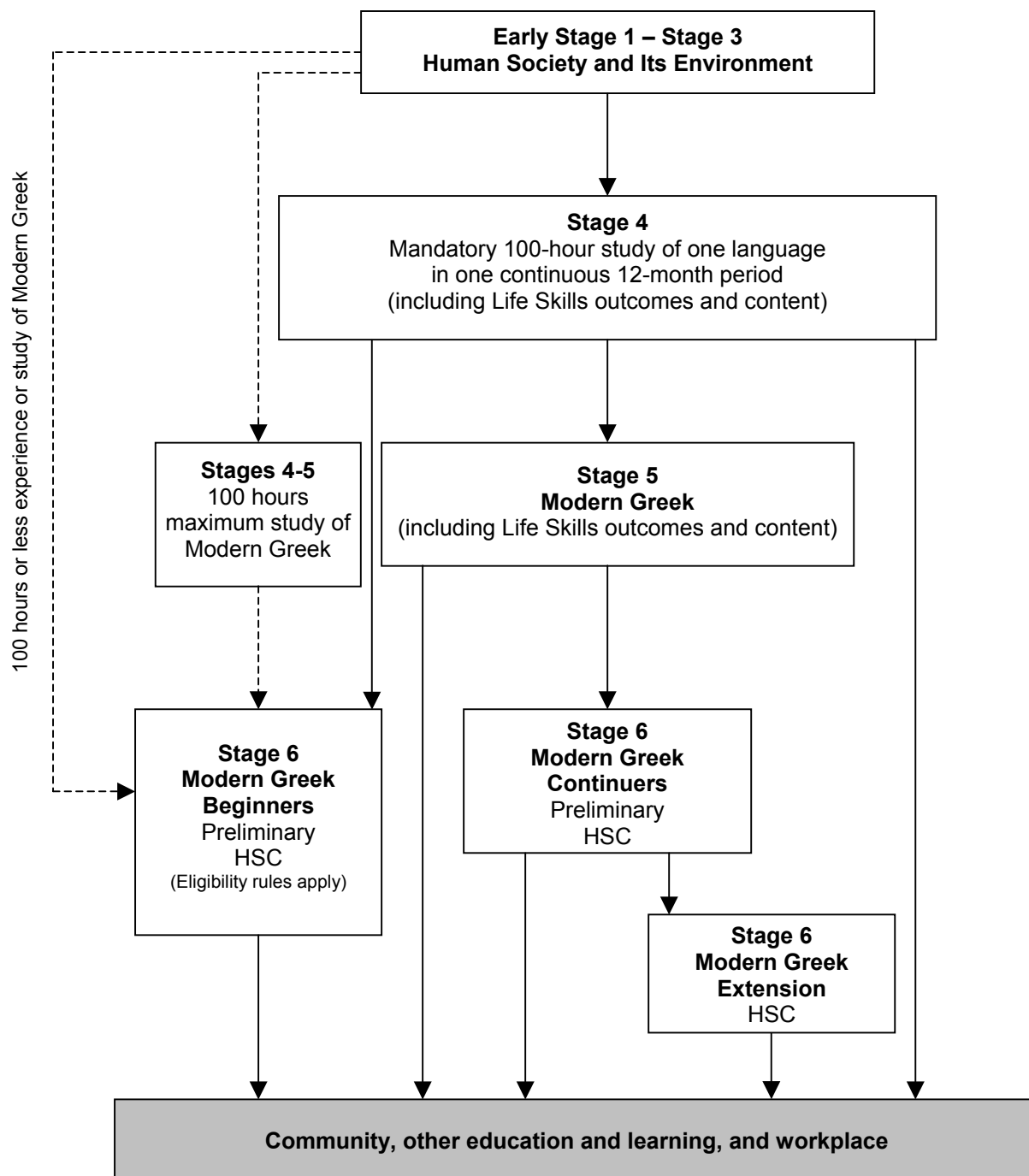
The study of Modern Greek contributes further to multicultural Australian society by promoting understanding, empathy and cooperation.

The study of Modern Greek provides students with opportunities for continued learning and for future employment and experience, both domestically and internationally, in areas such as public relations, commerce, hospitality, education, marketing, international relations, media and tourism.

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3 Continuum of Learning

The diagram places the syllabus in the context of the K-12 Modern Greek curriculum.



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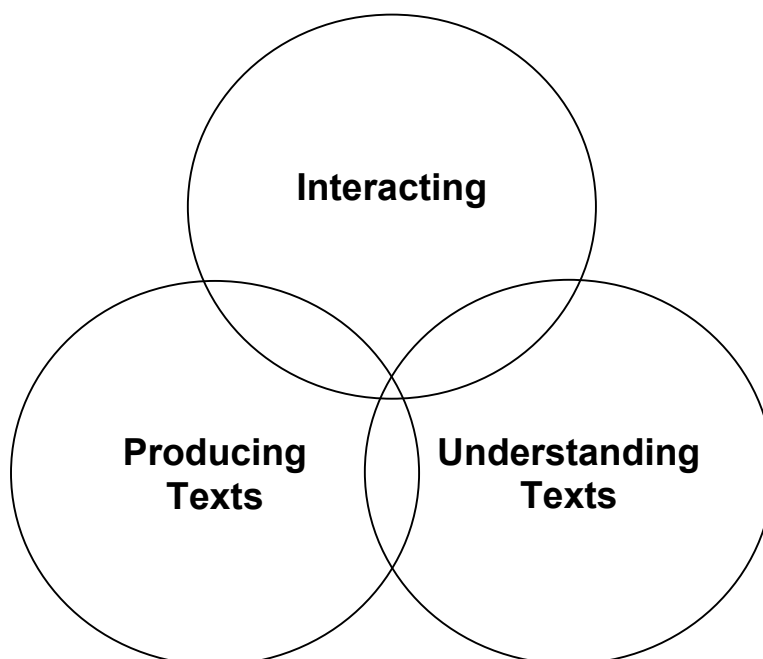
4 Aim

The aim of the *Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6 Syllabus* is to enable students to develop:

- skills in effective communication
- knowledge of the nature of language
- understanding of the interdependence of language and culture.

5 Objectives

Communication



Objective 1 – Interacting

Students will develop the linguistic and intercultural knowledge, understanding and skills to communicate actively in Modern Greek in interpersonal situations.

Objective 2 – Understanding Texts

Students will interpret and respond to texts, applying their knowledge and understanding of language and culture.

Objective 3 – Producing Texts

Students will create and present texts in Modern Greek for specific audiences, purposes and contexts, incorporating their linguistic and intercultural knowledge, understanding and skills.

6 Course Structure

The Preliminary Course (120 indicative hours)

The Preliminary Course has outcomes as its organisational focus. Topics provide contexts in which students develop their communication skills in Modern Greek and their knowledge and understanding of language and culture.

The HSC Course (120 indicative hours)

In the HSC course students will extend and refine their communication skills in Modern Greek in contexts defined by topics, and will gain a deeper knowledge and understanding of language and culture.

7 Objectives and Outcomes

7.1 Table of Objectives and Outcomes

The outcomes and associated knowledge, understanding and skills that students are expected to achieve at the end of this course are listed below. These outcomes are derived from the objectives.

Objectives	Outcomes
Interacting	A student:
	1.1 establishes and maintains communication in Modern Greek
	1.2 manipulates linguistic structures to express ideas effectively in Modern Greek
	1.3 sequences ideas and information
	1.4 applies knowledge of the culture of Greek-speaking communities to interact appropriately
Understanding Texts	2.1 understands and interprets information in texts using a range of strategies
	2.2 conveys the gist of and identifies specific information in texts
	2.3 summarises the main points of a text
	2.4 draws conclusions from or justifies an opinion about a text
	2.5 identifies the purpose, context and audience of a text
	2.6 identifies and explains aspects of the culture of Greek-speaking communities in texts
Producing Texts	3.1 produces texts appropriate to audience, purpose and context
	3.2 structures and sequences ideas and information
	3.3 applies knowledge of diverse linguistic structures to convey information and express original ideas in Modern Greek
	3.4 applies knowledge of the culture of Greek-speaking communities to the production of texts.

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7.2 Key Competencies

Modern Greek Stage 6 provides a powerful context within which to develop general competencies considered essential for the acquisition of effective, higher order thinking skills that are necessary for further education, work and everyday life.

Key competencies are embedded in the *Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6 Syllabus* to enhance student learning. The key competencies of **communicating ideas and information** and **collecting, analysing and organising information** reflect core skills in language learning and are explicit in the objectives and outcomes of the syllabus. The other key competencies are developed through the methodologies of the syllabus and through classroom pedagogy. Students interact with one another, and through this interaction the key competencies of **planning and organising activities** and **working with others and in teams** are developed. In interacting with others via information and communication technologies, the student will develop the key competency of **using technology**. The skills associated with the interpretation of texts, such as the ability to comprehend meaning from context and using a dictionary, contribute towards the student's development of the key competency of **solving problems**.

8 Content

The essential content consists of 120 indicative hours of study in the Preliminary Course, followed by 120 indicative hours of study in the HSC Course.

The syllabus content is to be studied through the prescribed topics (see Section 8.2).

8.1 Content of Modern Greek Beginners Preliminary and HSC Courses

Objective 1 – Interacting

Outcomes:

A student:

- 1.1 establishes and maintains communication in Modern Greek
- 1.2 manipulates linguistic structures to express ideas effectively in Modern Greek
- 1.3 sequences ideas and information
- 1.4 applies knowledge of the culture of Greek-speaking communities to interact appropriately.

Students learn about:

- the importance of listening for key words to assist understanding
- the importance of reading for key words to assist understanding
- links in communication
- the purpose and context of communication
- register in language use
- responding to factual and open-ended questions
- ways to support effective interaction
- the logical sequencing of ideas
- formal and informal language, and when and where it is used
- sociolinguistic conventions relating to everyday activities.

Students learn to:

- listen for meaning
- read for meaning
- use strategies to initiate, maintain and conclude an interaction, eg *Παρακαλώ, τι θα πάρετε; Γιάννη, θες καφέ*
- select and incorporate particular vocabulary and structures to achieve specific communication goals
- interact with reference to context, purpose and audience, eg *Παρακαλώ, τι θα πάρετε; Γιάννη, θες καφέ*
- maintain an interaction by responding to and asking questions and sharing information
- use appropriate language features to enhance communication, eg tone, intonation *κύριε*
- structure information and ideas coherently
- apply appropriate social conventions in formal and informal contexts, eg terms of address *κυρία, μαμά, φίλε, γκαρσόν*
- use language and/or behaviour appropriate to social context, eg at mealtimes, accepting/declining invitations *καλή όρεξη, καλό ταξίδι, με γεια χρόνια πολλά.*

Objective 2 – Understanding Texts

Outcomes:

A student:

- 2.1 understands and interprets information in texts using a range of strategies
- 2.2 conveys the gist of and identifies specific information in texts
- 2.3 summarises the main points of a text
- 2.4 draws conclusions from or justifies an opinion about a text
- 2.5 identifies the purpose, context and audience of a text
- 2.6 identifies and explains aspects of the culture of Greek-speaking communities in texts.

Students learn about:

- ways in which texts are constructed for specific purposes
- ways in which texts are formatted for particular purposes and effects
- ways of identifying relevant details in texts when listening or reading for specific information
- ways of inferring meaning from text
- resources available to access, enhance or promote independent learning
- the effect of syntax on meaning
- cultural attitudes that add meaning to texts
- language used to express cultural values, and to represent people and cultures in texts
- register and common expressions in language use.

Students learn to:

- identify why, how or to whom a text is delivered or presented
- explore the way text content is presented and how ideas and information are sequenced, eg headings, paragraphing, introductory sentences, topic shifts
- make judgements about the relevance of detail in understanding text, eg extracting ideas and issues referred to in text
- use contextual and other clues to infer meaning from text
- access available resources to assist comprehension of a text, eg dictionaries, word lists, glossaries, charts
- analyse ways in which words, phrases and sentences are constructed, eg how words are modified for grammatical effect
- identify and discuss cultural influences in specific texts, eg newspapers, magazines, advertisements and films
- explain cultural references in texts
- explain the use of words and expressions with particular cultural significance in texts, eg idiomatic expressions, colloquialisms *εσύ, εσείς, άντμε γεια, μα λέμε.*

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Objective 3 – Producing Texts

Outcomes:

A student:

- 3.1 produces texts appropriate to audience, purpose and context
- 3.2 structures and sequences ideas and information
- 3.3 applies knowledge of diverse linguistic structures to convey information and express original ideas in Modern Greek
- 3.4 applies knowledge of the culture of Greek-speaking communities to the production of texts.

Students learn about:

- the structure and format of particular texts
- the purpose and context of a text and their influence on the choice of structure, format and vocabulary
- the logical sequencing of ideas in extended text
- the application of known linguistic structures in new contexts
- language choices and their effect on intended meaning
- resources available to enhance and expand independent learning
- register in language use.

Students learn to:

- present and organise information in ways appropriate to audience, purpose and context
- plan, draft and edit text
- sequence ideas and information in texts
- apply a range of vocabulary and linguistic structures across a range of contexts
- evaluate the accuracy and appropriateness of structures when constructing and editing text
- extend and refine their use of language, eg by using dictionaries, word lists and grammar references, accessing authentic texts in print and online
- use culturally appropriate language when creating and presenting texts, eg *χάρηκα πολύ, στην υγειά σας.*

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8.2 Topics

The prescribed topics should be studied from two interdependent perspectives:

- the personal world
- the Greek-speaking communities.

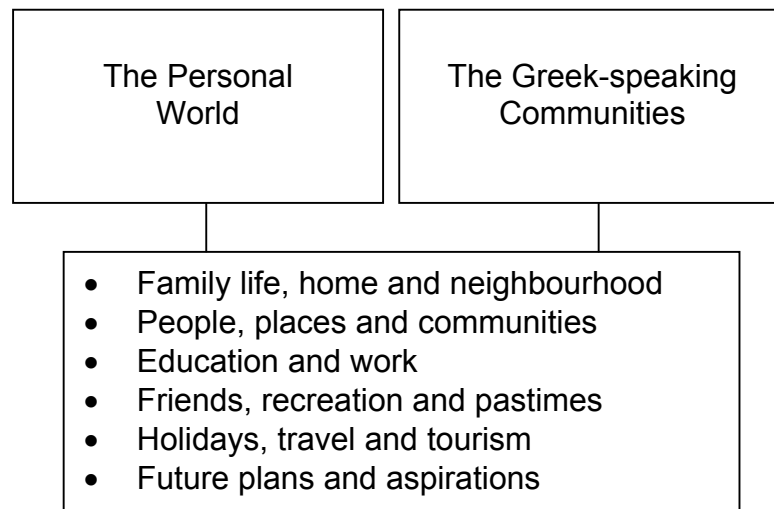
The two perspectives will enable students to develop knowledge and understanding of and skills in the Modern Greek language, linked to cultural values, attitudes and practices.

The perspective, *the personal world*, will enable students to use Modern Greek to express and share ideas about experiences and activities relating to daily life and transactions in their own world.

The perspective, *the Greek-speaking communities*, will enable students to inquire about and to express ideas in order to undertake activities and transactions appropriately in one or more communities where Greek is spoken.

The prescribed topics provide an organisational focus so that tasks can be presented as a series of related learning experiences in cohesive contexts.

Topics



The topics are sufficiently broad to allow flexibility in school programs, but specific enough to be of practical assistance to students and teachers. The length of time devoted to each topic will vary according to the needs and interests of students and the availability of resources.

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8.3 Texts

Texts for receptive use will not be prescribed. Students are encouraged to read, view and listen to a wide range of texts, including authentic texts. They may be expected to produce the following written texts in the external examination. The language to be used is the standard version of Modern Greek.

article (eg for a school magazine)	message
diary/journal entry	note
email	postcard
informal letter	script of a talk (to an audience)

8.4 Tasks

This syllabus recognises the importance of tasks as an organising principle in structuring a program that allows the student to work towards meeting the objectives and learning outcomes.

Tasks, broadly defined as opportunities for the purposeful use of language, must be selected and designed so that students can develop and demonstrate knowledge, skills and understanding at increasingly complex levels.

Tasks can be described as having five elements:

- a purpose (a reason for undertaking the task that goes beyond the practice of the language for its own sake)
- a context (this may be real, simulated or imaginary, and include aspects such as where, when and who is involved)
- a process (thinking, problem-solving, creating)
- a product (a result that can be described in terms of achievement of the purpose of the task and of the student's overall cognitive development)
- an audience (the person/people at whom or to whom the task is targeted or directed).

8.5 Vocabulary

While there is no prescribed vocabulary list, it is expected that students will be familiar with a range of vocabulary relevant to the topics prescribed in the syllabus.

8.6 Dictionaries

Students should be encouraged to use dictionaries to enhance learning. It is expected that teachers will assist students to develop the necessary skills and confidence to use dictionaries effectively. Suitable editions will be included in the List of Resources on the Board of Studies website. Further information will also be provided in the External Examinations section of the syllabus. Students may use monolingual and/or bilingual print dictionaries in external examinations.

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8.7 Grammar

Throughout the Modern Greek Beginners course, students will learn about grammatical structures in context as they complement the content and organisation of individual programs.

The grammatical structures that will be defined are those that students will be expected to recognise and use by the end of the HSC course. They should be read in conjunction with the content of the syllabus. Grammar should be used to support the process of language acquisition and to facilitate communication, rather than being taught in isolation.

Students will be expected to **recognise** and **use** the following grammatical structures:

Grammatical Items	Sub-elements	Example(s)
Articles	definite indefinite	<i>ο, η, το</i> <i>ένας, μία, ένα</i>
Particles		<i>θα, ας, για, να, μα</i>
Prepositions		<i>με, για, από, σε (στον–στην–στο)</i>
Adjectives	adjectival agreement and position agreement with noun in gender, number and case comparative and superlative degree irregular adjectives numerals: cardinal date time agreement proportions collective numbers	<i>ο καλός μαθητής / η καλή μαθήτρια</i> <i>τη μαύρη τσάντα</i> <i>φτηνός – πιο φτηνός – ο πιο φτηνός</i> <i>ωραίος – ωραιότερος - ωραιότατος</i> <i>ο πολύς - η πολλή - το πολύ</i> <i>ένα, δύο, τρία</i> <i>οχτώ Αυγούστου</i> <i>είναι τρεις η ώρα</i> <i>η πρώτη τάξη</i> <i>μισό κιλό, ένα τέταρτο</i> <i>μια ντουζίνα αυγά, ένα ζευγάρι</i> <i>κάλτσες</i>
Adverbs	adverbs of time adverbs of place	<i>πότε; τότε, σήμερα, αύριο, χτες, πριν, πέρσι, φέτος, ποτέ, κάποτε, κάπου – κάπου</i> <i>πού; εδώ, εκεί, μέσα, έξω, πάνω, κάτω, πίσω, αλλού, ψηλά</i>

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Grammatical Items	Sub-elements	Example(s)
Adverbs	adverbs of manner	<i>πώς; όπως, έτσι, μαζί, όμορφα, καλά, κακά, ήσυχα</i>
	adverbs of quantity or degree	<i>πόσο; όσο, τόσο, πολύ, περισσότερο, λίγο, αρκετά, καθόλου</i>
Conjunctions		<i>και, ούτε, ή, μα, μόνο, λοιπόν, δηλαδή, πως, που, ότι, όταν, σαν, πριν, μόλις, γιατί, επειδή, αν, να, για να, όμως, αλλά</i>
Nouns	proper	<i>ο Γιώργος, ο Γιάννης, ο Κώστας η Ελένη, η Μαρία, η Βάσω, η Κύπρος, το Σύννευ, το Λονδίνο, το Βιετνάμ</i>
	singular	<i>ο δρόμος, η φωνή, το βιβλίο</i>
	plural	<i>οι δρόμοι, οι φωνές, τα βιβλία</i>
	gender: masculine (singular and plural)	<i>ο πατέρας, ο γιατρός, ο καθηγητής ο καιρός, ο πίνακας, ο καθρέφτης ο καφές ο παππούς</i>
	gender: feminine (singular and plural)	<i>η γλώσσα, η φωνή</i>
	gender: neuter (singular and plural)	<i>το παιδί, το βιβλίο, το γράμμα το μέρος το κρέας το γάλα</i>
	common borrowed words	<i>το ταξί, το τένις, το κομπιούτερ, το μπαρ</i>
	nominative case	<i>ο γιατρός</i>
	accusative case	<i>το(ν) γιατρό</i>
	vocative case	<i>γιατρέ</i>

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Grammatical Items	Sub-elements	Example(s)
Pronouns	<p>personal</p> <p>possessive</p> <p>relative</p> <p>demonstrative</p> <p>interrogative</p> <p>object pronouns</p>	<p><i>εγώ, εσύ, αυτός, αυτή, αυτό, εμείς, εσείς, αυτοί, αυτές, αυτά</i></p> <p><i>μου, σου, του, της, του, μας, σας, τους, δικός μου - δική μου - δικό μου</i></p> <p><i>που, ό,τι</i></p> <p><i>αυτός, -ή, -ό, εκείνος, -η, -ο</i></p> <p><i>τι, ποιος, -α, -ο, πόσος, -η, -ο</i></p> <p><i>μου είπε, της είπα, του έδωσες, σου έδωσα</i></p>
Verbs	<p>person and number</p> <p>agreement</p> <p>negation</p>	<p><i>εγώ διαβάζω</i></p> <p><i>εμείς διαβάζουμε</i></p> <p><i>εγώ δε διαβάζω, εμείς δε διαβάζουμε</i></p>
Regular verbs	<p>active voice tenses: present simple / present continuous</p> <p>past continuous</p> <p>past simple</p> <p>future simple</p> <p>passive voice tenses: present simple / present continuous</p> <p>past simple</p> <p>imperative mood</p> <p>subjunctive mood</p>	<p><i>ταξιδεύω</i></p> <p><i>Ταξίδευα</i></p> <p><i>ταξίδεψα</i></p> <p><i>θα ταξιδέψω</i></p> <p><i>σηκώνομαι, πλένομαι, χτενίζομαι, ντύνομαι, κοιμάμαι</i></p> <p><i>σηκώθηκα, πλύθηκα, χτενίστηκα, ντύθηκα, κοιμήθηκα</i></p> <p><i>Πάρε με τηλέφωνο! Φόρεσε ζεστά ρούχα!</i></p> <p><i>Θέλω να γίνω νοσοκόμα. Πρέπει να φύγω τώρα. Μου αρέσει να χορεύω.</i></p>

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Grammatical Items	Sub-elements	Example(s)
Regular verbs	conditional	<i>Θα ήθελα ένα εισιτήριο, παρακαλώ. Θα ήθελα ένα δωμάτιο, παρακαλώ.</i>

In addition, students will be expected to **recognise** the following grammatical structures:

Grammatical Items	Sub-elements	Example(s)
Adjectives	ordinal	<i>πρώτος, -η, -ο, δεύτερος, -η, -ο, τρίτος, -η, -ο</i>
Nouns	genitive case	<i>του γιατρού</i>

9 Assessment and Reporting

9.1 Requirements and Advice

The information in this section of the syllabus relates to the Board of Studies' requirements for assessing and reporting achievement in the Preliminary and HSC courses for the Higher School Certificate.

Assessment is the process of gathering information and making judgements about student achievement for a variety of purposes.

In the Preliminary and HSC courses those purposes include:

- assisting student learning
- evaluating and improving teaching and learning programs
- providing evidence of satisfactory achievement and completion in the Preliminary course
- providing the Higher School Certificate results.

Reporting refers to the Higher School Certificate documents that are used by the Board to report to students both the internal and external measures of achievement.

Higher School Certificate results comprise:

- an assessment mark derived from the mark submitted by the school and produced in accordance with the Board's requirements for the internal assessment program
- an examination mark derived from the HSC external examinations
- an HSC mark, which is the average of the assessment mark and the examination mark
- a performance band, determined by the HSC mark.

Results will be reported using a course report containing a performance scale with bands describing standards of achievement in the course.

The use of both internal assessment and external examination of student achievement allows measurements and observations to be made at several points and in different ways throughout the HSC Modern Greek Beginners course. Taken together, the external examination and internal assessment marks provide a valid and reliable assessment of the achievement of the knowledge, understanding and skills described for each course.

The Board of Studies uses a standards-referenced approach to assessing and reporting student achievement in the Higher School Certificate.

The standards in the HSC are:

- the knowledge, skills and understanding expected to be learnt by students – the *syllabus standards*
- the levels of achievement of the knowledge, skills and understanding – the *performance standards*.

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Both *syllabus standards* and *performance standards* are based on the aims, objectives, outcomes and content of a course. Together they specify what is to be learnt and how well it is to be achieved.

Teacher understanding of standards comes from the set of aims, objectives, outcomes and content in each syllabus together with:

- the performance descriptions that summarise the different levels of performance of the course outcomes
- HSC examination papers and marking guidelines
- samples of students' achievement, collected in the Standards Packages.

9.2 Internal Assessment

The internal assessment mark submitted by the school will provide a summation of each student's achievements measured at points throughout the course. The marks for each course group at a school should reflect the rank order of students and relative differences between students' achievements.

Internal assessment provides a measure of a student's achievement based on a wider range of syllabus content and outcomes than may be covered by the external examination alone. The assessment components and weightings to be applied to internal assessment are identified on pages 28-29. They ensure a common focus for internal assessment in the course across schools, while allowing for flexibility in the design of tasks. A variety of tasks should be used to give students the opportunity to demonstrate outcomes in different ways and to improve the validity and reliability of the assessment.

9.3 External Assessment

In Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6, the external examination consists of an oral examination and a written examination. The specifications for the HSC examination in Modern Greek Beginners are on pages 30-31.

The external examination provides a measure of student achievement in a range of syllabus outcomes that can be reliably measured in an examination setting.

The external examination and its marking and reporting will relate to syllabus standards by:

- providing clear links to syllabus outcomes
- enabling students to demonstrate the levels of achievement outlined in the course performance scale
- applying marking guidelines based on established criteria.

9.4 Board Requirements for the Internal Assessment Mark in Board Developed Courses

The Board requires schools to submit an assessment mark for each candidate in the HSC Modern Greek Beginners course. The Board requires that the assessment tasks used to determine the internal assessment mark must comply with the components and weightings specified in the table on page 29.

The collection of information for the HSC internal assessment mark must not begin prior to the completion of the Preliminary course.

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Schools are required to develop an internal assessment program that:

- specifies the various assessment tasks and the weightings allocated to each task
- provides a schedule of the tasks designed for the whole course.

The standards-referenced approach to assessment for the HSC involves schools ensuring that in the design and marking of tasks:

- assessment tasks are designed to focus on outcomes
- the types of assessment tasks are appropriate for the outcomes being assessed
- students are given the opportunity to demonstrate their level of achievement of the outcomes in a range of different task types
- tasks reflect the weightings and components specified in the relevant syllabus
- students know the assessment criteria before they begin a task
- marking guidelines for each task are linked to the standards by including the wording of syllabus outcomes and relevant performance descriptions
- marks earned on individual tasks are expressed on a scale sufficiently wide to reflect adequately the relative differences in student performances.

In feedback and reporting:

- students receive meaningful feedback about what they are able to do and what they need to do in order to improve their level of performance
- the ranking and relative differences between students result from different levels of achievement of the specified standards
- marks submitted to the Board for each course are on a scale sufficiently wide to reflect adequately the relative differences in student performances.

Note that:

- measures of objectives and outcomes that address values and attitudes should not be included in school-based assessments of students' achievements. As these objectives are important elements of any course, schools may decide to report on them separately to students and parents, perhaps using some form of descriptive statements
- measures that reflect student conduct should not be included.

9.5 Assessment Components and Weightings

Preliminary Course

The suggested components and weightings for the Preliminary course are set out below. When developing a schedule of assessment tasks, there should be a balance between the assessment of knowledge and understanding outcomes, skills outcomes and course content.

Preliminary Course

Component	Weighting	Suggested tasks
Listening <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 2: Understanding Texts</i>	35	interviews, role-plays listen and respond to advertisements, announcements, messages, conversations, interviews, news items
Reading <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 2: Understanding Texts</i>	35	interact via messages, notes, emails read and respond to advertisements, extracts from newspapers, magazines, reports, surveys, etc
Speaking <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3: Producing Texts</i>	15	oral presentations interviews, role-plays
Writing <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3: Producing Texts</i>	15	interact via messages, notes, emails produce different kinds of writing, eg article, diary entry, informal letter, postcard, script of a talk
Total:	100	

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HSC Course

The mandatory components and weightings for the HSC course are set out below. The internal HSC assessment mark for Modern Greek Beginners is to be based on the HSC course only.

Teachers can use their discretion in determining the manner in which they allocate tasks within course content. While the allocation of weightings to the various tasks set for the HSC course is left to individual schools, the percentages allocated to each syllabus component must be maintained.

It is suggested that three to five tasks are sufficient to assess the Modern Greek Beginners HSC Course. The range of tasks comprising the school-based assessment schedule should be varied and address the range of outcomes. One task may be used to assess several components. Class tests, term tests and trial examinations should not exceed 50% of the assessment program.

HSC Course

Component	Weighting	Suggested tasks
Listening <i>Objective 1:Interacting</i> <i>Objective 2:Understanding Texts</i>	30	interviews, role-plays listen and respond to advertisements, announcements, messages, conversations, interviews, news items
Reading <i>Objective 1:Interacting</i> <i>Objective 2:Understanding Texts</i>	30	interact via messages, notes, emails read and respond to advertisements, extracts from newspapers, magazines, reports, surveys, etc
Speaking <i>Objective 1:Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3:Producing Texts</i>	20	oral presentations interviews, role-plays
Writing <i>Objective 1:Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3:Producing Texts</i>	20	interact via messages, notes, emails produce different kinds of writing, eg article, diary entry, informal letter, postcard, script of a talk
Total:	100	

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9.6 HSC External Examination Specifications

The external examination in Modern Greek Beginners consists of:

- an oral examination (20 marks)
- a written examination (80 marks).

Oral Examination (approximately 5 minutes)

(20 marks)

Purpose

The oral examination is used to assess the candidate's knowledge and skills in interacting in Modern Greek. It relates to Outcomes 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3.

Specifications

The oral examination will consist of a general conversation between the candidate and an examiner. In the conversation, the candidate and the examiner will discuss the candidate's personal world as it relates to the prescribed topics.

Written Examination (2½ hours plus 10 minutes reading time)

Section I: Listening (approximately 40 minutes)

(30 marks)

Purpose

Section I: Listening is designed primarily to assess the candidate's knowledge and skills in responding to spoken text. It relates to Outcomes 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5.

Specifications

The candidate will hear 9-12 texts, which will be related to the topic areas prescribed in the syllabus. The total listening time for one reading of all the texts without pauses will be approximately 7-8 minutes.

Each text will be heard twice. There will be a pause between the first and second readings to allow the candidate to make notes, although notes may be made at any time. The candidate will be given sufficient time after the second reading to complete responses.

The examination will include a range of question types, such as open-ended questions, response to multiple-choice items or completion of a table, list or form. Questions will be phrased in English for a response in English.

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Section II: Reading

(30 marks)

Purpose

Section II: Reading is designed primarily to assess the candidate's knowledge and skills in responding to written text. It relates to Outcomes 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5.

Specifications

The candidate will read four to five texts in Modern Greek, which will be related to the topic areas prescribed in the syllabus. The texts will be different in style and purpose, and of varying length and difficulty. The questions on the texts will be written in English for responses in English and may include parts.

The total length of all texts will be approximately 750 words.

Section III: Writing in Modern Greek

(20 marks)

Purpose

Section III: Writing is designed primarily to assess the candidate's ability to produce written text for a specific audience, purpose and context. It relates to Outcomes 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3.

Specifications

Part A (10 marks)

Part A will consist of two writing tasks. The texts for the responses will be drawn from those prescribed in the syllabus. Questions will be written in English but may also involve stimulus material written in Modern Greek. The questions will be related to the topics prescribed in the syllabus. The first task will be shorter in length and will have a weighting of 4 marks; the second task will be longer in length and will have a weighting of 6 marks.

The total length of the texts for Part A will be approximately 125 words.

Part B (10 marks)

The candidate will be required to write one extended response in Modern Greek. The text for the response will be drawn from those prescribed in the syllabus. There will be a choice of two questions. The questions will be related to the topics prescribed in the syllabus. Questions will be phrased in Modern Greek and English for a response in Modern Greek. The same type of task will be required for both questions, with two different topics.

The length of the text for Part B will be approximately 125 words.

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9.7 Summary of Internal and External HSC Assessment

Internal Assessment	Weighting	External Assessment	Weighting
Speaking <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3: Producing Texts</i>	20	Oral Examination: <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i>	20
Listening <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 2: Understanding Texts</i>	30	Written Examination: Section I Listening <i>Objective 2: Understanding Texts</i>	30
Reading <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 2: Understanding Texts</i>	30	Section II Reading <i>Objective 2: Understanding Texts</i>	30
Writing <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3: Producing Texts</i>	20	Section III Writing in Modern Greek <i>Objective 1: Interacting</i> <i>Objective 3: Producing Texts</i>	20
Total:	100	Total:	100

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9.8 Summary of Examination Specifications

ORAL EXAMINATION	Time allocation – approximately 5 minutes
Conversation	<p>Objective 1: Interacting Outcomes: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3</p> <p>Weighting: 20 marks</p> <p>Unscripted, general conversation with an examiner. Topics to reflect syllabus</p>
WRITTEN EXAMINATION	Time allocation – 2½ hours (plus 10 minutes reading time)
Section I: Listening	<p>Objective 2: Understanding Texts Outcomes: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5</p> <p>Weighting: 30 marks</p> <p>9-12 items in Modern Greek with responses in English</p>
Section II: Reading	<p>Objective 2: Understanding Texts Outcomes: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5</p> <p>Weighting: 30 marks</p> <p>4–5 texts in Modern Greek Questions in English, responses in English</p>
Section III: Writing in Modern Greek	<p>Objectives 1 and 3: Interacting, Producing Texts Outcomes: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p> <p>Weighting: 20 marks</p> <p>Part A – two short responses Part B – an extended response</p> <p>Total: approximately 250 words</p>

9.9 Reporting Student Performance against Standards

Student performance in an HSC course is reported against standards that have been described for that course. The course report includes a performance scale for the course describing levels (bands) of achievement, an HSC mark located on the performance scale, the examination mark and the internal assessment mark. It also shows, graphically, the statewide distribution of examination marks of all students in the course.

With the exception of Band 1, each band on the performance scale includes descriptions that summarise typical student achievement in that course for that particular band.

The distribution of marks is determined by students' performances mapped against the standards. Marks are not scaled to a predetermined distribution.

10 Post-school Opportunities

The study of Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6 provides students with knowledge, understanding and skills that form a valuable foundation for a range of courses at university and other tertiary institutions.

In addition, the study of Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6 assists students to prepare for employment and full and active participation as citizens. In particular, there are opportunities for students to gain recognition in vocational education and training. Teachers and students should be aware of these opportunities.

Recognition of Student Achievement

Wherever appropriate, the skills and knowledge acquired by students in their study of HSC courses should be recognised by industry and training organisations. Recognition of student achievement means that students who have satisfactorily completed HSC courses will not be required to repeat their learning in courses at TAFE NSW or other Registered Training Organisations (RTOs).

Registered Training Organisations, such as TAFE NSW, provide industry training and issue qualifications within the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF).

The degree of recognition available to students in each subject is based on the similarity of outcomes between HSC courses and industry training packages endorsed within the AQF. Training packages are documents that link an industry's competency standards to AQF qualifications. More information about industry training packages can be found on the National Training Information Service (NTIS) website (www.ntis.gov.au).

Recognition by TAFE NSW

TAFE NSW conducts courses in a wide range of industry areas, as outlined each year in the *TAFE NSW Handbook*. Under current arrangements, the recognition available to students of Modern Greek in relevant courses conducted by TAFE is described in the *HSC/TAFE Credit Transfer Guide*. This guide is produced by the Board of Studies and TAFE NSW. Teachers should refer to this guide and be aware of the recognition available to their students through the study of Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6. This information can be found on the TAFE NSW website (www.det.nsw.edu.au/hsctafe).

Recognition by other Registered Training Organisations

Students may also negotiate recognition into a training package qualification with another Registered Training Organisation. Each student will need to provide the RTO with evidence of satisfactory achievement in Modern Greek Beginners Stage 6 so that the degree of recognition available can be determined.

11 Glossary

article	a self-contained piece of writing on a specific topic. It can appear in a printed publication such as a magazine or journal, or be posted as news.
culture	the social practices of a particular people or group, including shared language, beliefs, values, knowledge, customs and lifestyle.
colloquialism	an informal expression, which is used in everyday speech and writing, and is conversational in tone. It adds colour to the language and is not usually used in formal speech or writing.
dialect	a regional or social variety of a language, distinguished by pronunciation, grammar or vocabulary, especially a variety of speech differing from the modern standard version of the language.
idiom	an expression which cannot be translated literally. It has a meaning different from that conveyed by its individual words.
register	language which is used for a particular purpose, or in a particular social setting (eg formal or informal language). It often reflects cultural expectations and can differ between countries and regions. Register can be influenced by the subject matter, the relationship between the participants and whether the communication is spoken or written.
text	the actual wording of anything spoken or written.
texts	communications of meaning produced in any medium that incorporates language, including sound, print, film, electronic and multimedia representations. Texts include written, spoken, nonverbal and visual communication of meaning. They may be extended, unified works or series of related topics.