

Question 22 (12 marks)

Balance Sheet for Chalker Pty Ltd as at year ending 30 June 2012		
<i>Current Assets</i>	\$	\$
Cash	8 000	
Receivables	12 000	
Inventories	15 000	35 000
<i>Non-Current Assets</i>		
Property, Plant and Equipment		33 000
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>68 000</b>
<i>Current Liabilities</i>		
Creditors		14 000
<i>Non-Current Liabilities</i>		
Loan		20 000
<i>Owners Equity</i>		
Capital	15 000	
Retained Net Profit	19 000	34 000
<b>Total Liabilities and Owners Equity</b>		<b>68 000</b>

- (a) Calculate the current ratio (current assets ÷ current liabilities) of this business. 2  
 Show all working.

$$\frac{35000}{14000} = 2.5:1$$

- (b) Calculate the debt to equity ratio (total liabilities ÷ total equity) of this business. 2  
 Show all working.

$$14000 + 20000 = 34000 \text{ TL}$$

$$\frac{34000}{34000} = \text{a debt to equity ratio of } 1:1$$

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## Question 22 (continued)

- (c) Why is it important for a business to control its debt to equity ratio?

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It is important that a business has a ~~be~~ good debt to equity ratio so that they are solvent which will lead to a more spending power and profitable business.

- (d) Explain the interdependence of finance and operations in a business. Support your answer with relevant examples.

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The interdependence of finance and operations can be seen through the purchasing of raw materials of wood in a furniture business.

**End of Question 22**