MEDIA GUIDE2003

Higher School Certificate and School Certificate



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Guidelines for media access to students during Higher School Certificate examinations

All HSC Media inquiries should be directed to: Public Affairs and Planning Branch Office of the Board of Studies

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In the interests of HSC students, members of the media intending to access schools to obtain television footage, photographs or student interviews during the Higher School Certificate examination period are requested to observe the following procedures:

- 1 Schools have requested that there be no media on school premises prior to the commencement of or during an HSC examination.
- 2 Media seeking access to a government school are required to contact a Department of Education and Training media liaison officer on (02) 9561 8501 at least 24 hours in advance.
- 3 Media seeking access to a non-government school should contact the school principal directly.
- 4 All media should notify the school principal on arrival at school premises.

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PART A: The Higher School Certificate at a glance – a journalist's summary

1 Calendar of key events and dates

29 September HSC Advice Line opens

20 October Higher School Certificate written examinations commence

10–11 November School Certificate tests

14 November Higher School Certificate written examinations finish

6 December DesignTECH opens – Powerhouse Museum

11 December School Certificate award documents arrive in schools

18 December HSC results available to students by Internet/SMS message/telephone

First-in-course awards ceremony

HSC Examination Inquiry Centre opens

22 December HSC Student Results Summary available to students by mail

20 January 2004 HSC award documents available to students by mail

19 January 2004 ARTEXPRESS begins at David Jones – City

29 January 2004 ARTEXPRESS launch at Art Gallery of NSW

31 January – 7

February 2004

OnSTAGE – Seymour Theatre Centre

February 2004 Premier's Awards for Excellence in the 2003 Higher School Certificate

(To be confirmed)

29 March 2004 ENCORE – Sydney Opera House



2 The 2003 HSC: a snapshot

When did the new HSC commence?

- The new HSC was introduced in 2000, and the first standards-based examinations were undertaken by Year 12 students in 2001.
- Year 12 students sitting this year's exams will be the third group to complete their HSC under the new arrangements.

Why was the new HSC introduced?

- In 1995, the NSW Government appointed Professor Barry McGaw to conduct the most extensive review of the HSC in its 30-year history.
- The McGaw Review confirmed key community concerns about the 'old' HSC, including that:
 - there were too many courses, which restricted many schools from providing students with equitable access to the HSC curriculum, particularly at advanced levels of study
 - a significant decline was evident in the number of students studying advancedlevel courses
 - the assessment and reporting system was based on scaling marks and ranking students rather than reporting the marks earned and describing the standards achieved
 - there was too much focus on maximising university entrance scores at the expense of the educational needs and interests of students.
- In 1997, following extensive consultation with teachers, principals, academics, professional teacher organisations and interested members of the community, the NSW Government accepted recommendations to reform the Higher School Certificate.

What's the new HSC all about?

- The new HSC combines the best features of the old HSC with an up-to-date standards-based curriculum and a fairer system of assessing and reporting student achievement against set standards.
- It is designed to challenge students to reach high standards and to award marks that correspond to the standards they achieve.
- All syllabuses are up-to-date and relevant, are designed to meet the highest educational standards and are benchmarked against national and international best practice.
- The new HSC system of reporting gives meaning to marks by providing descriptions of the standards of knowledge and skills students have acquired in each subject.
- Prior to 2001 students just received a set of scores, which indicated how their performance in each subject ranked relative to others in the group.
- There are no easy course options within subjects. To achieve high standards students must meet the demands of challenging courses. Most subjects now have a single course only. In a small number of subjects there are additional extension courses.



- A major aim of the new HSC was to make sure that when students do leave school, they are better qualified to go on to further education or to get jobs.
- Vocational Education and Training (VET) opportunities have been expanded and VET courses have been strengthened. Students can now earn nationally recognised industry qualifications as part of their HSC.
- There are nine industry framework courses, including Business Services (Administration), Construction, Entertainment Industry, Hospitality, Information Technology, Metal and Engineering, Primary Industries, Retail and Tourism.
- Students can count their industry course towards a Universities Admission Index (UAI) and university entrance by electing to take an optional HSC examination for the industry.
- Under these HSC arrangements, students can now graduate with an HSC, a nationally recognised industry qualification and a Universities Admission Index.
- Thousands of HSC students this year will also be eligible to receive advanced standing towards TAFE NSW courses.
- The HSC/TAFE Credit Transfer program gives HSC students advanced standing towards related TAFE courses for the knowledge and skills they have already achieved through the HSC.
- This program reduces the time needed for eligible HSC students to complete TAFE courses, saving them money and allowing them to enter the workforce more quickly.

Has there been an increase in advanced-level HSC study?

- The 2003 HSC enrolment figures show continued substantial growth in the numbers of students undertaking high-level courses under the new HSC arrangements.
- Students are enrolled in the top-level HSC English, Mathematics and History courses in record numbers. Enrolments in Chemistry, Physics and Languages have also increased.
- The 2003 course enrolments show that the new HSC has succeeded in turning around the previous decline in advanced-level HSC study, particularly in the core subject of English.
- Highlights from the 2003 HSC enrolment figures include:
 - 2328 entries in the top-level English Extension 2 course up 33% on last year
 - 5226 entries in the English Extension 1 course up 22%
 - 24 707 entries in the highest-level 2 unit English (Advanced) course up 18%
 - 3273 entries in the top-level Mathematics Extension 2 course up 9%
 - 2428 entries in the top-level History Extension course up 35%
 - 9495 entries in the Modern History course up by 5%
 - 8859 entries in the Ancient History course –up by 6%
 - 9497 entries in Chemistry up 5%
 - 9697 entries in Physics up 4%
 - 8291 entries in Languages other than English up 6%



How does the new HSC give meaning to marks?

- Students receive a mark for each course based only on their level of achievement of the course standards, instead of being scaled against other students.
- There is no longer a predetermined distribution of marks. Under the previous system, for example, only 1–2 % of students could be awarded a mark over 90 and only 25% of students could be awarded a mark over 70. One in four students were awarded a mark less than 50 irrespective of the standards they achieved.
- There are no longer any artificial barriers or lids placed on student achievement. There is no restriction placed on the marks students can achieve.
- A minimum standard expected has been set for each new HSC course. Students are awarded a mark of 50 or more out of 100 if they reach or exceed the minimum standard.

How will the Class of 2003 be assessed?

- The new HSC retained strong features of the previous system, including the equal contribution of school-based assessments and public examinations to the final mark.
- In all new HSC examinations:
 - instructions and questions are clearer
 - students know the number of marks allocated to each question
 - the demands of the questions are explicit
 - students have a clearer sense of what they need to show in their answers in order to earn high marks
 - different question types allow students to show what they know and can do.
- The Board moderates each school's assessment marks against their examination performance to ensure comparability of assessment marks across schools.

How is student performance reported in the new HSC?

- New HSC students receive detailed performance reports.
- Reports for each course describe their performance against set standards as well as showing their statewide position in the course. Students get a mark for each course based on their own performance, instead of being scaled against other students in the course.
- Student performance is reported against six levels of achievement. These performance levels (or bands) describe what students at each level of achievement typically know and can do in a course.
- Students have the opportunity to achieve a range of credentials and other information. These include:
 - HSC testamur (award certificate)
 - HSC Record of Achievement, summarising school-based assessment and HSC examination marks for each course



- a new HSC report for each course, describing the standards achieved by the student and showing the student's statewide position in the course
- nationally recognised industry qualification for students undertaking Vocational Education and Training courses.

How are students better prepared for vocational education and training and work?

- The majority of HSC students approximately 65 per cent enter further education and training or proceed directly into the workforce after completing Year 12.
- More than one in four students from the class of 2003 is completing new Vocational Education and Training courses that earn them nationally recognised industry qualifications as part of their HSC.
- The figures show that of the 65 311 students sitting HSC examinations this year, more than 18 000 students are currently completing the new industry-recognised courses.
- Highlights include:
 - 22 007 entries in HSC Vocational Education and Training (VET) courses up 3%
 - 5358 entries in the Information Technology VET courses up 12%
 - 2236 entries in the Retail Operations VET courses up by 7%
- Students enrolled in an industry course must complete compulsory work placement in an industry setting and an industry-trained assessor evaluates their competence.
- Employers benefit by being able to choose HSC graduates who have already completed industry-recognised training and qualifications before they commence work.
- More than 80% of Year 12 students this year completing new Vocational Education and Training courses are sitting the optional HSC industry exam, which enables them to count their industry training towards a UAI rank and university entrance.

What are the different purposes of the Higher School Certificate Course Reports and the Universities Admission Index (UAI)?

The HSC Course Reports and the Universities Admission Index (UAI) have very different purposes.

THE HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE COURSE REPORTS

- The HSC Course Reports provide useful information about the standard of knowledge and skills that each student has achieved in each of his or her courses. The report also provides an indication of the student's position in each course.
- The information in the HSC Course Reports can be used when students are applying for jobs or seeking entry into further education and training courses.
- Successful completion of HSC courses and achievement of course standards at particular band levels can give students credit towards a TAFE qualification and allow them to complete a TAFE course ahead of time.



- In preparing applications for employment students can draw from the descriptions in their Course Reports of the standards they have achieved to show how they meet particular job requirements as well as to highlight their overall knowledge and skills.
- The HSC Course Reports may also provide useful evidence to support a student's readiness for entry to certain university courses, where universities use interviews and portfolios to assess eligibility for enrolment.

THE UNIVERSITIES ADMISSION INDEX (UAI)

- The UAI is not a mark or an average of a student's HSC marks.
- The UAI is a ranking for university selection purposes based on statistical scaling of students' examination marks and moderated school assessment marks. The marks are scaled as if all students have undertaken the same set of courses
- A middle-ranked UAI is a ranking in the 60s.
- Students should not assume that their UAI rank will correspond with the average of their own HSC course marks. Last year, for example, most middle-placed HSC students who averaged HSC marks in the 70s received middle-ranked UAIs in the 60s.
- In a standards-referenced system of assessment and reporting of HSC achievement there is no reason to expect that the percentages of students who achieve at each standard should be the same across the range of courses.
- It is important to note, however, that if only a relatively small percentage of students achieve Bands 5 and 6 in a particular course they have studied, this has no effect on the calculation of their UAI.
- The reporting of HSC achievement against set standards as defined in the performance bands and the calculation of the UAI are worked out quite differently and have very different purposes.



3 The Class of 2003: interesting facts and story lines

Introducing the Class of 2003

- There are 65 311 students enrolled as HSC candidates this year, comprising 33 955 female students and 31 356 male students.
- They are enrolled in 83 subjects organised into 146 Board Developed Courses (BDC), including 7 industry-accredited Vocational Education and Training (VET) frameworks.
- The subjects with the largest candidatures are English (the only compulsory subject), followed by Mathematics, Business Studies, Biology, Studies of Religion, and Personal Development, Health and Physical Education.
- Czech, Lithuanian and Maltese are the subjects with the smallest candidature, followed by Ukrainian, Dutch, Latvian, Hungarian and Swedish (in ascending order).
- The HSC Class of 2003 have taken on the top-level English, Mathematics and History courses in record numbers, confirming that the new HSC has succeeded in turning around the previous decline in advanced-level HSC study, particularly in the core subject of English.
- Student entries in the most demanding 2 unit English (Advanced) course in the 2003 HSC have increased to 24 707 (up by 18% on last year), compared to 8370 in the last cohort of the old HSC in 2000.
- There are 5226 entries in English Extension 1 (up by 22% on last year), compared to 1541 students in the corresponding 3 unit English course in 2000.
- A total of 2328 students (up by 33% on last year) are completing the top-level English Extension 2 course, which features the development of a major work of composition. There was no corresponding 4 unit English course under the old HSC.
- Mathematics Extension 2 course entries have increased from 2236 students in 2000 to 3273 students in 2003 representing a 46% increase over that period.
- There are also 2428 students enrolled in the top-level History Extension course, representing a 35% increase on last year's class.
- Other upward enrolments trends this year include 9495 entries in Modern History (up by 5% on last year), 8859 entries in the Ancient History (up by 6%), 9497 entries in Chemistry (up 5%), 9697 entries in Physics (up 4%) and 8291 overall entries in Languages other than English (up 6%).
- More than 18 000 students (one in four candidates) are enrolled in one or more of the 7 Vocational Education and Training industry framework courses, earning them nationally recognised industry qualifications as part of their HSC program.
- The most popular industry curriculum frameworks are Hospitality (7580 entries), Information Technology (5358) and Business Services (2885).
- The HSC arrangements allow students to count their industry curriculum framework course towards a Universities Admission Index (UAI) by electing to take an optional HSC examination for the industry. The popularity of the UAI option is demonstrated



- in over 80% of these Year 12 students this year electing to sit the optional HSC industry exam, enabling them to count their industry training towards a UAI score.
- Many languages are studied through the Saturday School of Community Languages, which has over 1300 students enrolled this year; through The Open High School and other Distance Education Centres run by the Department of Education and Training; or through approved outside tutors.
- Japanese is the most popular language, with 1367 students this year in 1979 there were only 56 students studying Japanese in NSW. French is the second most popular language, with 1309 students.
- Courses in 23 of the languages offered in 2003 were developed according to a common framework, as part of the Collaborative Curriculum and Assessment Framework for Languages (CCAFL). They emphasise the ability to communicate in language in a range of contexts. CCAFL offers students across Australia the flexibility to sit for Year 12 examinations in subjects such as Hindi, Maltese and Latvian.

Logistical facts and figures

- The Board of Studies established examination committees comprising over 300 people to set 155 different HSC examination papers.
- The 65 311 HSC students will use HSC examination papers comprising more than 13 million printed pages and will complete their answers in 1.75 million writing booklets.
- More than 5000 people will supervise the HSC examination sessions in some 750 examination centres.
- More than 7000 markers will mark HSC examinations at venues across the state.
- By the time the marking of the HSC examinations is complete, the Office of the Board of Studies will have scanned over 30 million individual marks.
- A team of more than 30 staff members took nearly 6 weeks to pack all written examination papers for all students in each course, resulting in over 50 000 parcels.
- Students' answers to HSC examinations are wrapped in secure parcels and sent to the
 marking centre. The following wrapping materials are used in this process: 42 000
 sheets of brown paper; 51 kilometres of masking tape; 2000 kilograms (2 tonnes) of
 twine.

HSC exams - extended borders

Special circumstances, such as international and national sporting, educational or cultural commitments, can mean that some students are outside NSW at the time of their HSC examinations.

In such cases, the Board may arrange for the students to sit their examinations in a special centre interstate or overseas. The centres are usually Australian embassies or British Council offices. Strictest security is maintained at all times.



4 HSC statistics

Candidates by geographical location¹

Location	Female	Male	Total	Percentage	
METROPOLITAN CATEGORIES					
Metropolitan East	5 343	4 963	10 306	15.78%	
Metropolitan North	3 530	3 492	7 022	10.75%	
Metropolitan South West	4 977	4 528	9 505	14.55%	
Metropolitan North West	5 572	5 411	10 983	16.82%	
Total	19 422	18 394	37 816	57.90%	
COUNTRY					
Hunter	3 623	3 198	6 821	10.44%	
North Coast	2 602	2 390	4 992	7.64%	
North West	1 132	1 040	2 172	3.33%	
Riverina	1 758	1 532	3 290	5.04%	
South Coast	3 421	3 101	6 522	9.99%	
Western	1 837	1 550	3 387	5.19%	
Total	14 373	12 811	27 184	41.62%	
Other Categories	160	151	311	0.48%	
Total of all Categories	33 955	31 356	65 311	100.00%	
Candidates by institution type					
School students	63 172	96.72%			
TAFE students	2 088	3.20%			
Self-tuition students	51	0.08%			
Total	65 311	100.00%			

Location according to Board of Studies Liaison Officer (BOSLO) regions. Maps of BOSLO regions are included in Part B. Note that students doing the HSC overseas are included in 'Other Categories'.



Subjects with the largest candidatures

Subject	Candidates
English	62 110
Mathematics	54 628
Business Studies	16 379
Biology	12 428
Studies of Religion	11 072
Personal Development, Health and Physical Education	10 342
Physics	9 697
Chemistry	9 497
Modern History	9 495
Ancient History	8 859
Information Processes and Technology	8 658
Visual Arts	8 561
Legal Studies	7 837

Subjects with the smallest candidatures

Subject	Candidates
Czech	1
Lithuanian	1
Maltese	1
Dutch	3
Ukrainian	3
Latvian	4
Hungarian	6
Swedish	7
Tamil	12
Classical Greek	13
Hindi	15
Armenian	16
Khmer	19
Portuguese	19
Croatian	25



Student Entries in Board Developed Courses by subject, course and gender for the 2003 HSC at 1 September 2003

Aboriginal Studies 2 189 66 255 Accounting 2 219 194 413 Agriculture 2 528 786 1314 Ancient History 2 5511 3348 8859 Arabic Beginners 2 2 5 7 Arabic Continuers 2 162 121 283 Arabic Extension 1 45 51 96 Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 3 Business Studies 2 1766 407 2173 Business Studies 2 4440 9 33 Business Studies	Course Name	Units	Female	Male	Total
Agriculture 2 528 786 1314 Ancient History 2 5511 3348 8859 Arabic Beginners 2 2 5 7 Arabic Continuers 2 162 121 283 Arabic Extension 1 45 51 96 Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 3 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 3 Business Services Extension 1 3 4 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 3 Chemistry 2 444 40 16379	Aboriginal Studies	2	189	66	255
Ancient History 2 5511 3348 8859 Arabic Beginners 2 2 2 5 5 7 Arabic Continuers 2 162 121 283 Arabic Extension 1 45 51 96 Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 11 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 7 11 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 7 11 Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Clitizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 1 0 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 2 33 1692 1715 Construction 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 15 10 25	Accounting	2	219	194	413
Arabic Beginners 2 2 5 7 Arabic Continuers 2 162 121 283 Arabic Extension 1 45 51 96 Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 11 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 11 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 11 Business Services Extension 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 <td>Agriculture</td> <td>2</td> <td>528</td> <td>786</td> <td>1314</td>	Agriculture	2	528	786	1314
Arabic Continuers 2 162 121 283 Arabic Extension 1 45 51 96 Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Chimses Extension 2 4440 5057 9497 Chimses Extension 1 14 13<	Ancient History	2	5511	3348	8859
Arabic Extension 1 45 51 96 Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Chinese Sextual 2 2623 551 1174 Chinese Sextual 2 44 7 11 Chinese Extension 1 14 <td< td=""><td>Arabic Beginners</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>5</td><td>7</td></td<>	Arabic Beginners	2	2	5	7
Armenian Continuers 2 4 12 16 Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Chinese Services Extension 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 18	Arabic Continuers	2	162	121	283
Biology 2 8138 4290 12428 Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33	Arabic Extension	1	45	51	96
Business Services 1 12 9 21 Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Clas	Armenian Continuers	2	4	12	16
Business Services 2 2249 568 2817 Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Sackground Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Classical Greek Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Feek Extension 1 10 9	Biology	2	8138	4290	12428
Business Services 4 24 9 33 Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 4 7 11 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Background Speakers 2 4 7 11 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 18 15 33 Classical Greek Extension 1 8	Business Services	1	12	9	21
Business Services Examination 2 1766 407 2173 Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863	Business Services	2	2249	568	2817
Business Services Extension 1 3 3 Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1	Business Services	4	24	9	33
Business Services Extension 2 11 11 Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction Examination 2 18	Business Services Examination	2	1766	407	2173
Business Studies 2 7979 8400 16379 Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2	Business Services Extension	1	3		3
Chemistry 2 4440 5057 9497 Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2	Business Services Extension	2	11		11
Chinese Background Speakers 2 623 551 1174 Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 1 Construction Examination 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Lif	Business Studies	2	7979	8400	16379
Chinese Beginners 2 4 7 11 Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Greek Extension 1 8 8 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction Examination 2 2 3 1692 1715 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 <td>Chemistry</td> <td>2</td> <td>4440</td> <td>5057</td> <td>9497</td>	Chemistry	2	4440	5057	9497
Chinese Continuers 2 36 34 70 Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Greek Extension 1 8 8 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15	Chinese Background Speakers	2	623	551	1174
Chinese Extension 1 14 13 27 Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Greek Extension 1 8 8 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1	Chinese Beginners	2	4	7	11
Citizenship and Society Life Skills 2 195 244 439 Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Greek Extension 1 8 8 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1	Chinese Continuers	2	36	34	70
Classical Greek Continuers 2 3 10 13 Classical Greek Extension 1 8 8 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Chinese Extension	1	14	13	27
Classical Greek Extension 1 8 8 Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Citizenship and Society Life Skills	2	195	244	439
Classical Hebrew Continuers 2 18 15 33 Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Classical Greek Continuers	2	3	10	13
Classical Hebrew Extension 1 10 9 19 Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1	Classical Greek Extension	1		8	8
Community and Family Studies 2 3631 232 3863 Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Classical Hebrew Continuers	2	18	15	33
Comparative Literature – Distinction Course 2 2 5 7 Construction 1 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Classical Hebrew Extension	1	10	9	19
Construction 1 1 1 Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1	Community and Family Studies	2	3631	232	3863
Construction 2 23 1692 1715 Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1	Comparative Literature – Distinction Course	2	2	5	7
Construction Examination 2 18 1251 1269 Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1	Construction	1		1	1
Cosmology – Distinction Course 2 9 21 30 Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Construction	2	23	1692	1715
Creative Arts Life Skills 2 227 251 478 Croatian Continuers 2 15 10 25 Czech Continuers 2 1 1 1	Construction Examination	2	18	1251	1269
Croatian Continuers2151025Czech Continuers211	Cosmology – Distinction Course	2	9	21	30
Czech Continuers 2 1 1	Creative Arts Life Skills	2	227	251	478
	Croatian Continuers	2	15	10	25
Dance 2 564 20 584	Czech Continuers	2		1	1
	Dance	2	564	20	584



Design and Technology	2	1834	2670	4504
Drama	2	3732	1354	5086
Dutch Continuers	2	2	1	3
Earth and Environmental Science	2	578	649	1227
Economics	2	2071	3167	5238
Engineering Studies	2	63	1227	1290
English (Advanced)	2	15031	9676	24707
English (Standard)	2	15520	18082	33602
English as a Second Language	2	1314	1332	2646
English Extension 1	1	3480	1746	5226
English Extension 2	1	1587	741	2328
English Life Skills	2	536	619	1155
Filipino Continuers	2	23	11	34
Food Technology	2	2515	613	3128
French Beginners	2	426	72	498
French Continuers	2	611	200	811
French Extension	1	104	65	169
General Mathematics	2	15715	14409	30124
Geography	2	2597	3026	5623
German Beginners	2	78	47	125
German Continuers	2	290	170	460
German Extension	1	65	49	114
Hindi Continuers	2	9	6	15
History Extension	1	1514	914	2428
Hospitality Kitchen Operations	2	219	72	291
Hospitality Operations	1	1		1
Hospitality Operations	2	5145	2015	7160
Hospitality Operations	4	10	4	14
Hospitality Operations Examination	2	4669	1721	6390
Hospitality Operations Extension	1	77	37	114
Hungarian Continuers	2	3	3	6
Indonesian Background Speakers	2	47	42	89
Indonesian Beginners	2	29	6	35
Indonesian Continuers	2	85	26	111
Indonesian Extension	1	25	6	31
Industrial Technology	2	273	3450	3723
Information Processes and Technology	2	2773	5885	8658
Information Technology	1		7	7
Information Technology	2	1546	3528	5074



Information Technology	3		3	3
Information Technology	4	59	75	134
Information Technology Examination	2	1383	3232	4615
Information Technology Specialist Study	1	22	36	58
Information Technology Specialist Study	2	6	76	82
Italian Beginners	2	272	47	319
Italian Continuers	2	239	111	350
Italian Extension	1	36	22	58
Japanese Background Speakers	2	32	27	59
Japanese Beginners	2	302	157	459
Japanese Continuers	2	580	269	849
Japanese Extension	1	168	84	252
Khmer Continuers	2	13	6	19
Korean Background Speakers	2	65	72	137
Korean Beginners	2	1		1
Korean Continuers	2	14	1	15
Latin Continuers	2	68	103	171
Latin Extension	1	25	59	84
Latvian Continuers	2	2	2	4
Legal Studies	2	4870	2967	7837
Lithuanian Continuers	2	1		1
Macedonian Continuers	2	14	13	27
Maltese Continuers	2		1	1
Mathematics	2	9571	10713	20284
Mathematics Extension 1	2	3991	5555	9546
Mathematics Extension 2	2	1246	2027	3273
Mathematics Life Skills	2	444	503	947
Metal and Engineering	2	11	731	742
Metal and Engineering	4		1	1
Metal and Engineering Examination	2	8	546	554
Metal and Engineering Specialist Study	2		22	22
Modern Greek Beginners	2	18	9	27
Modern Greek Continuers	2	126	65	191
Modern Greek Extension	1	51	25	76
Modern Hebrew Continuers	2	24	9	33
Modern History	2	5259	4236	9495
Music 1		1050	1010	2777
Widsie 1	2	1859	1918	3777
Music 2	2	324	239	563



Persian Background Speakers	2	26	25	51
Personal Development, Health & PE Life Skills	2	246	316	562
Personal Development, Health and PE	2	5668	4674	10342
Philosophy – Distinction Course	2	25	31	56
Physics	2	2549	7148	9697
Polish Continuers	2	18	13	31
Portuguese Continuers	2	11	8	19
Primary Industries	1		2	2
Primary Industries	2	242	438	680
Primary Industries	4	3		3
Primary Industries Examination	2	200	336	536
Primary Industries Extension	1	7	28	35
Primary Industries Extension	2	3	37	40
Retail Operations	1	7	5	12
Retail Operations	2	1427	758	2185
Retail Operations	4	27	12	39
Retail Operations Examination	2	1120	561	1681
Russian Background Speakers	2	14	16	30
Science Life Skills	2	106	126	232
Senior Science	2	1754	2493	4247
Serbian Continuers	2	38	26	64
Society and Culture	2	2798	461	3259
Software Design and Development	2	325	3050	3375
Spanish Beginners	2	58	16	74
Spanish Continuers	2	148	106	254
Spanish Extension	1	60	46	106
Studies of Religion I	1	4728	4238	8966
Studies of Religion II	2	1387	719	2106
Swedish Continuers	2	2	5	7
Tamil Continuers	2	6	6	12
Technology & Applied Studies Life Skills	2	237	314	551
Textiles and Design	2	1557	17	1574
Tourism	2	610	95	705
Tourism	4	1	1	2
Tourism–Sales/Office Operations Examination	2	469	63	532
Turkish Continuers	2	56	36	92
Ukrainian Continuers	2	2	1	3
Vietnamese Continuers	2	87	44	131
Visual Arts	2	6025	2536	8561
Work and the Community Life Skills	2	328	363	691
-				



5 The HSC Advice Line 13 11 12

The HSC Advice Line is a telephone information service for students preparing for the HSC examinations. It complements the advice of teachers by providing an after-hours and weekend service leading up to and during the examination period. Since its inception in 1995, the Advice Line has received almost 250 000 calls.

The 2003 HSC Advice Line will open on Monday, 29 September. It will conclude at 10 pm on Tuesday 11 November 2003.

The operating period includes the school vacation period. The service will operate during the following hours:

Monday to Friday 4 pm to 10 pm
Saturday 10 am to 6 pm
Sunday 10 am to 10 pm

The best times to call are 6–7 pm daily, Friday evenings and Saturday and Sunday mornings, as figures from previous years show there are not as many callers at these times.

The HSC Advice Line telephone number is

13 11 12

The cost is only 25 cents, no matter where a student is calling from in NSW or how long the call lasts.

THE ADVICE LINE SUPPORTS 25 HSC COURSES:

Ancient History Legal Studies Biology Mathematics

Business Studies Mathematics Extension 1
Chemistry Mathematics Extension 2

Economics Modern History

English as a Second Language PDHPE
English Standard Physics

English Advanced Senior Science

English Extension 1 Software Design and Development

General Mathematics Studies of Religion I
Geography Studies of Religion II

History Extension Visual Arts

Information Processes and Technology

The subjects that have attracted the most calls over the past five years are English, Mathematics, Business Studies, Economics, Chemistry and Modern History.



How can the HSC Advice Line assist students?

The HSC Advice Line is staffed by more than 700 highly experienced teachers. Up to 80 lines are open at any one time for teachers to answer questions, no matter how simple or complex. Some of the questions students commonly ask are:

How is the exam structured?

What does that term or concept mean?

Can you explain this topic to me?

How do I structure an essay or use quotes and reference material?

Do I have the right answer to the question in the specimen exam paper?

I need more information on this topic – help!

What equipment do I need to take into the exam room?

What time does the exam start?

What areas will the exam cover?

What type of questions will be asked?

To ensure that students sitting for the 2003 HSC examinations are aware of the Advice Line, a letter detailing the service's functions and hours of operation has been sent to all HSC candidates and to principals of all NSW secondary schools.

A separate letter is also sent to students with hearing difficulties to advise them of alternative arrangements.



6 Release of HSC results to students

Early release of HSC results to students

This year, students will again receive their HSC results before Christmas. The HSC results will be available to students via Internet and telephone services from 6 am on Thursday 18 December. HSC results will also be available for the first time via an SMS mobile phone text message service. Students will receive HSC results summaries in the mail on Monday 22 December.

The pre-Christmas release of HSC results enables students to maximise their opportunities to receive career counselling and access other support services as they make their plans for the future.

Students will be sent information on how to use these results services together with their confidential PIN in November.

HSC results available on the Internet through Students Online

In 2003 the Board of Studies is trialling a new initiative for students called Students Online. Since 1998, students undertaking the NSW Higher School Certificate have been able to access their results via the internet. Students Online is an extension of this service. From late September students will be able to use their student number and a PIN to access their personalised examination timetable, personalised Advice Line schedule, and Assessment Rank Order Notice. There will also be important information available, and links to other useful websites. There is no cost to students to use Students Online, beyond the charges applied by their Internet Service Provider and/or the cost of the call.

From 6 am on Thursday 18 December students will be able to access their results via Students Online. In 2002, there were over 59 000 hits to the HSC results website on the day the HSC results were released.

The website for Students Online is <u>www.studentsonline.nsw.edu.au</u>, or it can be accessed via the Board's website www.boardofstudies.nsw.edu.au

Release of results by SMS text message

HSC students this year will for the first time have the option of receiving their results by SMS text message. The new service will cost students a flat rate of \$1.10.

Students may pre-register for the new SMS results service from mid-November by text messaging their student number and PIN to the service provider using their mobile phone. The service provider will then text message the student to confirm that they have successfully registered for the service. Abbreviated HSC results will then automatically be sent to the student via SMS text message at 6 am on Thursday 18 December.

Students who do not pre-register may still elect to receive their results by SMS from 18 December simply by messaging their student number and PIN to the service. Their results will then be sent to them as an SMS text message.



Release of results by telephone

Students may also access their HSC results from 6 am on Thursday 18 December 2003 until mid-January 2004 by using the automated telephone service. The service will cost students \$1.65 per minute. They can access this service by telephoning 1902 220 100 and keying-in their student number and personal identification number (PIN). Students will receive their PIN in the post at their home address. They will get their HSC results by recorded message. The telephone service will run 24 hours a day and it is estimated that each call will take approximately two minutes, although students will have the option of having their results repeated.

The Board of Studies established the phone service in 1997. Last year, over 6000 calls were made on the first day of the Results Line opening.

HSC Results Line number: 1902 220 100

Release of results by post

New South Wales students will receive a student results summary containing the results achieved in 2003. This is posted to them to arrive by Monday 22 December. The Higher School Certificate Student Results Summary will list, for each HSC course completed in 2003, the:

- examination mark
- assessment mark
- HSC mark (average of the examination mark and assessment mark)
- performance band and the description associated with that band.

With the HSC Student Results Summary, the student will receive an application form for a clerical processing recheck for externally examined courses. There is no provision for re-marking of papers, but a clerical recheck ensures that all answers have been marked, and that marks have been correctly allocated and computed.

The official HSC award documents, including the Higher School Certificate testamur, HSC Record of Achievement and HSC Course Reports will arrive by mail in mid-January 2004.

HSC Examination Inquiry Centre 13 11 12

The Board of Studies runs a telephone inquiry centre to support the release of the HSC results. The HSC Inquiry Centre will operate from 9 am on Thursday 18 December 2003 until the New Year. It will be staffed by Board of Studies Liaison Officers, Board of Studies officers and experienced personnel from government and non-government schools.

The HSC Examination Inquiry Centre provides an opportunity for students to discuss any queries regarding their Higher School Certificate results. Personnel at the Inquiry Centre are able to answer questions about HSC results only. Inquiries relating to the UAI, university admissions and post-secondary education should be directed to the Universities Admissions Centre or the Advisory Services for School Leavers.

HSC Examination Inquiry Centre phone: 13 11 12



7 Release of HSC results information to the media

The Board of Studies will provide the media with:

- the First Place in Course List, which details the top student in each course who has reached Band 6 standard (or Band E4 in an extension course).
- the HSC Distinguished Achievers List, which details the students who have achieved the highest standard established for the course. For all but extension courses, this means that they have reached Band 6 standard by achieving a mark of 90 or more for a course. This mark is a composite of both the HSC examination mark and the moderated school assessment mark.
- a list of students who have achieved all-round excellence in the Higher School Certificate. These are students who appear on the Distinguished Achievers List for courses totalling a minimum of 10 units.

Lists showing the students who achieve the top places in each course will also be available.

The Board of Studies does not have access to students' UAI information from the Universities Admissions Centre. Individual UAI results are confidential and will not be provided to parties other than the student, the Universities Admissions Centre and the universities to which the student has applied.

Media will be provided with a breakdown of entries by course and by school. As for the School Certificate, the Board will also be providing the proportions of students in each band for each course.



PART B: The Higher School Certificate and School Certificate in detail

8 The HSC Curriculum

Types of courses

The Preliminary and HSC courses offered are either Board Developed or Board Endorsed Courses.

BOARD DEVELOPED COURSES

These are the large number of courses that are set and externally examined by the Board of Studies and include courses in the areas of English, Mathematics, Science, Technology, Creative Arts, PDHPE, Human Society and its Environment, Languages, and VET Curriculum Frameworks. These courses may contribute to the calculation of a Universities Admission Index (UAI).

DISTINCTION COURSES

Distinction Courses are high-level Board Developed HSC Courses delivered by universities through distance education. Eligible students need to complete one or more HSC courses at the highest level, one or more years ahead of their cohort. The courses consist of 2 units of study, which are additional to the required 10 units of HSC study but can be counted towards the calculation of the UAI. In 2003 three Distinction Courses were offered: Cosmology, Comparative Literature and Philosophy.

LIFE SKILLS COURSES

Board Developed Life Skills Courses for students with special education needs can be used in place of other Board Developed Courses to meet the requirements for the award of the Higher School Certificate. Each Life Skills Course comprises a 2 unit Preliminary course and a 2 unit HSC course. These courses are not subject to external examination and do not contribute to the calculation of the UAI.

BOARD ENDORSED COURSES

These include courses that may be developed by schools, Colleges of TAFE NSW or universities. Board Endorsed Courses contribute to the HSC but do not contribute to the calculation of the UAI.

Board Endorsed Courses fall into three categories: Content Endorsed, School Developed and University Developed Courses.

• Content Endorsed Courses (CECs) were introduced in 1985. They are developed by the Board of Studies from exemplary school-developed courses for statewide implementation.

Content Endorsed Courses available for the 2003 HSC are:

Ceramics Photography, Video and Digital Imaging Computing Applications Sport, Lifestyle and Recreation Studies

Exploring Early Childhood Visual Design Marine Studies Work Studies



School Developed Courses are designed by schools to meet the particular needs of
their students and to extend the range of courses offered. These courses must be
endorsed by the Board of Studies for inclusion in an HSC program of study. This
flexibility means that schools can use local resources and personnel most effectively to
the advantage of students.

Generally, there are two broad requirements for the endorsement of a School Developed BEC. The course must meet:

- an educational need that cannot be met by an existing Board Developed or Content Endorsed Course; and
- the Board's requirements for the course aim and objectives, content and
 assessment of student achievement. These courses must be as challenging as
 Board Developed Courses of equivalent unit value and duration. Schools must
 complete a course evaluation as a condition of endorsement. Non-vocational BECs
 are endorsed for a maximum of four years.

There are also additional requirements for School Developed vocational BECs.

• University Developed Courses are developed by universities in conjunction with schools to suit the particular needs of high ability students.

Units of study

All courses for the Higher School Certificate are prescribed a unit value. Each unit requires 2 hours per week of indicative school time spent studying the course and attracts a possible 50 assessment marks and 50 examination marks. This means that the typical 2 unit course requires 4 hours per week of indicative school study time and attracts a total possible mark of 100 for the school assessment and for the examination.

Most Board Developed Courses are 2 unit courses studied over two years. They comprise the Preliminary course (studied usually during Year 11) followed by the HSC course (usually completed in Year 12). Students must satisfactorily complete the Preliminary course before they are permitted to study the HSC course. HSC courses may be accumulated over a period of up to five years.

One unit Extension courses are also available, requiring extra time in addition to the 2 unit course to reach the highest standards in a subject. This occurs in English, Mathematics, Music, History, some languages and some Vocational Education and Training (VET) courses.

2003 HSC subjects

A comprehensive description of each HSC course is available from the 'New HSC Course Description files' located on the Board's website www.boardofstudies.nsw.edu.au



Vocational Education and Training (VET) courses

VET courses may be Board Developed or Board Endorsed Courses. The opportunities for students to study VET courses as part of the HSC have been enhanced. Nine Board Developed Industry Curriculum Frameworks, each incorporating a range of courses, have been developed. They provide students with the opportunity to gain Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) Certificates and Statements of Attainment. These industry-recognised courses are:

- Business Services
- Construction
- Entertainment
- Hospitality
- Information Technology
- Metal and Engineering
- Primary Industries
- Retail
- Tourism

These courses all involve mandatory work placement which is assessed as part of HSC requirements. Students can use part-time work in industry towards their workplace requirement. Students may also undertake these courses as part of a traineeship.

These courses provide students with a valuable head start towards future employment and training in an industry while they are still at school. Employers will benefit by being able to choose HSC graduates who have already completed industry-recognised training and qualifications before they commence work.

The new arrangements also allow students enrolled in a 240-hour framework course to have it count towards a Universities Admission Index (UAI) by electing to take an optional HSC examination.

In addition to their credentials issued by the Board of Studies, students receive a Vocational Certificate or Statement of Attainment for school-delivered courses and a transcript of results delivered by Registered Training Organisations.

Other vocational courses

Apart from the curriculum frameworks, other VET courses may be undertaken for the HSC. These courses may be Board Developed or Board Endorsed Courses. TAFE-delivered VET courses are available in a broad range of industry areas.



Eligibility for the Higher School Certificate

To be eligible for the award of the 2003 Higher School Certificate, students must have:

- gained the School Certificate or such other qualifications as the Board of Studies considers satisfactory
- attended a government school, an accredited non-government school, a school outside New South Wales recognised by the Board, or a college of TAFE
- satisfactorily completed courses that comprise the pattern of study required by the Board for an award of the Higher School Certificate (see below)
- sat for and made a serious attempt at the requisite Higher School Certificate examinations.

Students must satisfactorily complete a Preliminary pattern of study comprising at least 12 units and an HSC pattern of study comprising at least 10 units. Both patterns must include at least:

- six units from Board Developed Courses
- two units of a Board Developed Course in English
- three courses of two unit value or greater (either Board Developed or Board Endorsed)
- four subjects.

Pathways

The Higher School Certificate offers students a great deal of flexibility in the way they can approach their study program through the provisions offered by Pathways.

Under Pathways provisions, students are able to take extra time to complete their Higher School Certificate, move through their program more quickly, or repeat one or more courses.

Students may 'accumulate' their studies over a longer period of time by taking up to five years to complete the HSC study pattern, and unlimited time to complete their Preliminary pattern.

Another option is to 'accelerate' through HSC courses. Students who are gifted or talented in a particular area can undertake HSC courses ahead of their peers.

After completing their Higher School Certificate, students can also use the Pathways provisions to repeat one or more courses in an attempt to improve their Universities Admission Index (UAI).

Because they may take up to five years to complete their Higher School Certificate, students now have the option to combine part-time work or TAFE study with schoolwork.

The HSC and Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

The Board of Studies uses the term 'Recognition of Prior Learning' (RPL) as a generic term for the two mechanisms (Credit Transfer and Advanced Standing) by which the Board may recognise formal or informal study and/or relevant life experience as contributing to the award of the Higher School Certificate.



RPL arrangements are provided for individual students and are granted as follows:

- Credit Transfer for study successfully completed at a TAFE or other recognised postsecondary institution
- Advanced Standing, whereby students may be exempt from certain study requirements of a particular Board course if they are able to demonstrate that they have already achieved the relevant outcomes.

HSC/TAFE Credit Transfer

Through HSC/TAFE Credit Transfer students can obtain advanced standing in many TAFE courses, which means that they may not have to do all the modules in the TAFE course in which they enrol. A website sponsored by The Schools Consortium, which consists of the Board of Studies NSW, the NSW Department of Education and Training, the Catholic Education Commission and the Association of Independent Schools is available for students' information. See www.det.nsw.edu.au/hsctafe



9 2003 HSC Assessment and Examinations

The HSC mark received by each student for each course is a 50:50 combination of the school-based assessment mark and the external HSC examination mark. The HSC mark, the assessment mark and the examination mark are all reported on the student's record of achievement. The school-based assessment mark summarises the student's performance in assessment tasks set and marked by the school. The external HSC examination mark is gained by the student in the HSC examinations set and marked by the Board of Studies. Together, the examination and assessment marks provide a more consistent and complete picture of a student's achievement.

School-based assessment for the Higher School Certificate

THE PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF SCHOOL ASSESSMENT

School assessments are designed to measure a wider range of achievements than can be measured by the external examination, and they use a number of measures over the HSC course to provide a balanced indication of each student's achievement in relation to the outcomes of the course.

Towards the end of the HSC course, schools submit to the Board a mark based on each student's performance in school-based assessment tasks. To ensure that comparisons of results for the same courses from different schools throughout the state are fair, assessment marks from each school are adjusted to a common scale using the examination marks in the course from that school (see 'Moderation of assessment marks' below).

Assessment marks are required for most courses developed or endorsed by the Board. They are not required for Vocational Education and Training courses.

COMPONENTS AND WEIGHTINGS

For each course, the syllabus specifies components and weightings that must be applied in determining school assessment marks. These ensure a common focus for assessment in a course across schools, but also allow schools flexibility in the design and timing of tasks. Schools use between 3–5 tasks of different types so that students are given the opportunity to demonstrate achievement in various ways. Most schools use a trial HSC as one of the tasks.

For example, the components, weightings, and suggested tasks for the Geography course are:

Component	Weighting	Suggested Tasks
Geographical research	20	Evaluation of the research framework and processes, independent research project
Interpretation and synthesis of geographical stimulus	30	Multiple-choice skills test, short-answer response items such as comprehension exercises, graph analysis, photograph and cartographic interpretation
Geographical writing	40	Video report, matching exercises, letter writing, written reports, discussions, explanations and expositions, extended response, structured essays, stimulus-based response
Fieldwork	10	Writing a questionnaire, data analysis, field observations, pre- and post-fieldwork activities
Total	100	



MODERATION OF ASSESSMENT MARKS

Assessment marks are 'moderated', or placed on a common scale, allowing them to be compared with assessments from other schools. The assessment marks awarded to students in each course at a school are changed so that their average (mean) matches the average (mean) of those students' examination marks. A similar spread of assessments to the examination marks is achieved by setting the top assessment mark from the school equal to the top examination mark and, generally, the lowest assessment mark equal to the lowest examination mark.

After the assessment marks for a course have been moderated, they are aligned to the course performance scale by using the same adjustments used to align the raw examination marks to the performance scale (see section 10 *Reporting student achievement at the HSC*).

Because the raw assessment marks from different schools cannot be compared fairly, schools are not allowed to reveal these to students. However, the Board informs students of their ranking within the school for each course after the final examination. Throughout the course, schools are required to provide feedback on performance in each assessment task that contributes to the assessment mark.

ASSESSMENT RANK APPEALS

After all students at a school have finished their examinations, students can obtain from their school or via Students Online advice from the Board showing their rank order within their school for assessments in each course they studied. If students consider that their placement in any course is incorrect, they may apply to the school for a review. There is no provision for a review of the actual marks awarded for assessment tasks. The only matters a school may consider are whether:

- the weightings specified by the school in its assessment program conform with the Board's requirements
- the procedures used by the school for determining the final assessment mark conform with its published assessment program
- there are computational or other clerical errors in determining the assessment mark.

The final date for applications for a school review of assessments is 17 November 2003. The school will advise the student of the outcome of the review by 24 November 2003. If a student is dissatisfied with the outcome of a school review, appeal to the Board is possible.

2003 HSC examinations

HSC examinations are not limited to written examinations. In many courses there are listening examinations, practical examinations (consisting of speaking or performance), and the submission of projects, which may take a number of forms.

THE NEW ROLE OF CHIEF EXAMINER

In his review of the 2001 HSC, Professor Geoff Masters recommended that the Board of Studies investigate the feasibility of appointing a Chief Examiner for each course to oversee the development and marking of the examination. The Board decided to introduce this position, beginning with the 2003 HSC examinations. The Chief Examiner chairs the examination committee, and is responsible for the development of the examination paper and marking



guidelines. In addition, the Chief Examiner has a governance role during marking, and oversees the marking process to ensure that the marking guidelines, marking schemes and benchmark scripts allow for marking that discriminates adequately, rewards quality answers appropriately and accommodates unanticipated approaches to questions.

PREPARATION OF HSC EXAMINATION PAPERS

In 2003, the Board of Studies examination committees set 155 different examination papers. In addition, examination papers for some small-candidature languages were set by other states participating in the Collaborative Curriculum and Assessment Framework for Languages (CCAFL).

PRODUCING THE EXAMINATIONS

HSC examinations are set by examination committees working under secure conditions. Each committee is led by the Chief Examiner, and works with assessment experts from the Board's staff. Committees usually comprise four people and, where possible, the committee is made up equally of practising teachers and representatives from tertiary institutions. The preparation of the 2003 HSC examinations began in September 2002. Over 400 people participated in preparing the examinations either as members of examination committees or as assessors.

Each examination committee sets examinations for the course(s) for which it is responsible, following the examination specifications contained in the syllabus and in accordance with the Board's principles for setting examinations in a standards-referenced framework. The examination committees are also responsible for developing marking guidelines for all parts of the examination.

ASSESSORS

After examinations are set, each paper is assessed by practising teachers not teaching the subject that year, and a syllabus expert. The assessor checks whether the paper is a fair and valid examination of the relevant course, and attempts the actual paper to ensure its fairness to students. It is also assessed by a specialist to ensure that students with special needs are not disadvantaged.

LISTENING EXAMINATIONS

English (ESL) and most modern languages have listening examinations where students answer questions relating to recorded texts. In the Music 1 and Music 2 examinations, students respond to recordings of music extracts. Examination committees are responsible for choosing appropriate material to be recorded for each of these examinations.

Professional-quality recordings are made, and cassette tapes are produced (CDs for the Music examinations) to be sent to each examination centre.

PREPARING 'THE PACK'

Once the examination papers are printed, compilation of the papers known as 'the pack' begins. This involves packing and labelling sets of examination papers in each course for all students at each examination centre, as well as cassette tapes and CDs for the listening examination.

It takes more than 30 staff members nearly six weeks to pack all the examination papers for all students in each course, which results in over 50 000 parcels.



SUPERVISION OF THE EXAMINATIONS

More than 5000 people will supervise the HSC examination sessions in 750 examination centres. These centres are mostly in schools and TAFE NSW institutes that have more than 40 candidates.

In certain exceptional circumstances examination centres will be established outside NSW for students who have international or national sporting, educational or cultural commitments. The centres are usually in Australian embassies or British Council offices. The strictest security is maintained at all times.

The task of running each examination centre is the responsibility of a Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer is responsible for supervision throughout the examination period and is assisted by a number of supervisors.

SPECIAL EXAMINATION PROVISIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

The Board of Studies administers a special examination provisions program each year for the HSC examinations and School Certificate tests. This program is designed to provide practical support to students with special examination needs.

For students with special examination needs, the Board produces a large variety of 'special provisions' examination papers. These include papers that are printed on coloured paper, papers in larger size fonts (up to 72 point) for visually impaired students, braille papers, papers that are split into sections to allow students to sit them over separate sessions, and papers where questions are specially modified to meet the requirements of particular students. Special provisions papers are produced by staff members, working with the State Braille Unit and other disability consultants. In 2003 approximately 900 individual papers have been produced, in over 55 courses.

Where required, students are able to sit their examinations under altered conditions to suit their needs. Arrangements may include the assistance of a writer; provision of an appropriate reader or oral interpreter; rest breaks; use of a keyboard; provision for special furniture and lighting; and establishment of a special examination centre or separate supervision.

Applications for special examination provisions for students with special needs were submitted to the Board of Studies from December 2002. Arrangements needed as a result of accidents or other emergencies may be applied for up to and during the examination period.

ILLNESS/MISADVENTURE APPEALS

Students who are prevented from attending an examination, or whose performance has been affected by illness or misadventure immediately before or during the examination, may lodge an appeal with the Board of Studies.

Students must notify the Presiding Officer at every examination session in which they consider their performance may have been affected. The student is responsible for lodging an appeal with the Board of Studies by 14 November 2003 except in the case of speaking or practical examinations, where the appeal must be lodged within one week of the date of examination. Appeals must be supported by appropriate documentary evidence.

If an appeal is upheld, the student is awarded an examination mark equal to their assessment mark or original examination mark, whichever is the higher.



Courses with practical examinations and submitted works

In some HSC courses the examinations have practical components such as speaking or performance. Some courses require candidates to submit a project or report for examination, where students select and pursue an area of interest as part of their study of the course.

ENGLISH

English Extension 2

The examination for English Extension 2 comprises a Major Work only. The Major Work consists of a sustained composition and a reflection statement on the intent, process and understanding gained from undertaking the Major Work.

Students choose from a range of forms and mediums in which to develop the composition. Specific word or time limits apply to the composition and to the reflection statement.

The Major Work is marked at a designated HSC marking centre.

AGRICULTURE

In Agriculture, students complete a core of learning which represents 70% of the HSC course. For the remainder of the course, students have the option of completing either two electives or a Research Project.

For students who elect to complete a Research Project, the project comprises 30% of the final examination mark. The project enables students to study a particular agricultural issue or problem. The scope of the issue or problem open to students includes those that arise from production, the economic environment, marketing and the social environment.

The material submitted by students for the Research Project consists of a report and process journal. The report communicates the research methodology, data analysis and evaluation of the Research Project. It must consist of at least 3000 and no more than 5000 words and must be supplemented by additional appropriate materials such as graphs, figures, tables, slides and photographs. Students submit a process journal which details the student's progress through the Research Project.

The research project is marked at a designated HSC marking centre.

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

The HSC course includes the development and realisation of a Major Design Project, which contributes 60% towards the final examination mark. The project consists of a product, system or environment together with a design folio. It involves students in selecting and applying appropriate design, production and evaluation skills to satisfy an identified need or opportunity.

Students research, select and apply the most appropriate materials, tools and processes to complete the Major Design Project. They document each stage of the process in the folio, in order to better address the examination criteria relating to the project proposal and management, project development, and realisation and evaluation.

The Major Design Project is marked by HSC examiners who visit schools across the State.



INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY

The HSC course includes the development of a Major Project, which contributes 60% towards the final examination mark. The Major Project consists of a product and folio.

Students choose to study one of the following eight focus areas over both the Preliminary and the HSC courses:

- automotive industries
- building and construction industries
- electronics industries
- graphics industries
- metals and engineering industries
- multimedia industries
- plastics industries
- timber products and furniture industries.

The criteria for marking the Major Project include design and management, and workplace communication and production.

The Major Project is marked by HSC examiners who visit each school across the State.

TEXTILES AND DESIGN

Students undertake a Major Textiles Project, which comprises 50% of the final examination mark. The project focus is selected from one of the following areas:

- apparel
- furnishings
- costume
- textile arts
- non-apparel.

The selected focus area allows students to explore in detail one area of interest through a creative textile design process that integrates the syllabus content areas of Design, Properties and Performance of Textiles and the Australian Textile, Clothing, Footwear and Allied Industries.

The marking of the Major Textiles Project considers two components: the supporting documentation which includes detail relating to design inspiration, visual design development, manufacturing specifications and investigation, experimentation and evaluation, and the Textile Item/s.

The Major Textiles Project is marked at a designated HSC marking centre.



VISUAL ARTS

Candidates in Visual Arts submit a body of work for examination. This comprises 50% of the final examination mark. Bodies of work are produced in a wide variety of expressive forms including photography, film and video, digital media, graphic design, painting, drawing, sculpture, interactives, ceramics, and designed objects and environments.

The body of work is marked either corporately at a designated HSC marking centre or itinerantly by HSC examiners who visit the school.

MUSIC

In Music 1, performance may comprise between 10% and 70% of the total examination mark, depending on the student's choice of electives. Performances may be solo or part of an ensemble. The musicology elective is examined by a *viva voce*. Depending on the electives chosen, composition and/or musicology may contribute up to 60% of the examination mark.

In Music 2, performance may comprise between 20% and 50% of the total examination mark, depending on the student's choice of electives. Performances may be solo or part of an ensemble. In addition, candidates sight-sing a short piece of music. All students submit a composition worth 15% of the examination mark and may submit an additional composition or musicology essay worth 30%. The musicology elective is examined by a submitted essay.

Students in Music may submit scores and recordings of original compositions as part of their examination. They may also be examined on a musicology topic related to their study of the course.

The examination in Music Extension consists solely of performance or submitted works in composition or musicology. In performance, students perform two solo works and one ensemble work. In composition, students submit 2 original contrasting pieces or movements. In musicology, students submit a 3000-word essay.

DANCE

All students in Dance perform a solo dance, which contributes 20% to the total examination mark, and choreograph a solo dance, that contributes a further 20% to the examination mark.

All students undertake a Major Study, which represents 40% of the total examination mark. In the Major Study, students choose from a range of options: Performance, Composition, Appreciation, or Dance and Technology. The Performance and Composition options have practical examinations including a viva voce. Students who choose the Dance and Technology option select either Choreographing the Virtual Body (using computer animation technology), or Film and Video. Presentation of these works is accompanied by a viva voce. The Appreciation option is examined in a written form.

Practical examinations for Dance are held at central venues.

DRAMA

All students take part in a group performance which contributes 30% to the total examination mark. Students also undertake an individual project, which contributes a further 30%. Individual projects are selected from a range of options: Critical Analysis (Director's Folio or Portfolio of Theatre Criticism or an Applied Research Project), Design (Costume or Lighting or Set, or Promotion and Program), Performance, Scriptwriting, or Video Drama.



SOCIETY AND CULTURE

The Personal Interest Project comprises 30% of the total examination mark. The Personal Interest Project is based on a topic related to the fundamental concepts of the course. The project is integrated across the whole HSC course and draws together the interests, research skills and personal experiences of the student. The presented project must include an introduction, a log, central material of the Personal Interest Project, a conclusion, a resource list and certification.

The Personal Interest Project is marked by HSC examiners at a designated HSC marking centre.

LANGUAGES

Apart from the Background Speakers courses, the examination for all modern languages includes a speaking component, the specifications for which vary according to the course. Depending on the course, the speaking component comprises up to 25% of the total examination mark.

For both the Beginners and the Extension speaking examinations, students respond to questions or prompts on the examination paper. For all the Continuers speaking components, the examinations are non-confidential and consist of a conversation and, in some cases, include a discussion of a prepared topic.

All the speaking examinations are recorded and double-marked, either on the day of the examination or at a designated HSC marking centre.

Marking the 2003 Higher School Certificate examinations

SECURITY

A high level of security is maintained throughout the whole of the Higher School Certificate operation.

Security procedures include restriction of entry to marking centres to authorised personnel only. Security guards are employed to guard each marking centre.

EMPLOYMENT OF MARKERS

More than 7000 markers will mark the exams. They will be assisted by over 900 clerical staff. The largest centre is the Sydney Showground and Exhibition Centre at Homebush Bay. Other centres in the Sydney metropolitan area will accommodate smaller numbers of markers. Altogether, the Sydney-based marking operation covers 72 subjects. As well as those in Sydney, marking centres will be set up in Bathurst, Coffs Harbour, Gosford, Newcastle, Tamworth, Wagga Wagga and Wollongong.

MARKING VENUES

The vast majority of HSC papers are marked by groups of markers, marking together in centres established by the Board. Both teachers and students benefit from having a wide range of markers.

Metropolitan Sydney marking in 2003 will take place chiefly at Homebush. There will be four smaller venues in Sydney. The itinerant marking of performances and projects occurred in Term 3.

Country marking centres and day marking will operate again this year to give teachers valuable professional development opportunities, and allow marking to reflect the expertise of teachers throughout the State.



Teachers who mark the HSC exams are selected on the basis of their teaching experience and subject knowledge.

COUNTRY MARKING CENTRES

In 2003, Bathurst, Coffs Harbour, Gosford, Newcastle, Tamworth, Wagga Wagga and Wollongong will have marking centres.

Components of English (Standard) will be marked at Coffs Harbour, Gosford, Tamworth and Wollongong. The Newcastle centre will mark Biology, Business Studies, Engineering Studies and part of English (Advanced) and the Wollongong centre will mark part of English (Standard) as well as Senior Science. Other components of English (Advanced) will be marked in Bathurst and Wagga Wagga. A component of Agriculture will be marked in Tamworth.

DAY MARKING

The introduction of day marking has given teachers who would not normally have ready access to evening marking the opportunity to gain significant professional development in their subject. Schools are provided with relief when teachers participate in day marking.

The day marking initiative will continue in 2003 with day marking centres in metropolitan and country areas.

METROPOLITAN SYDNEY AREA

Venue

Sydney Showground, Homebush Bay

Subject

Aboriginal Studies

Ancient History

Engineering Studies

Modern History (Core)

Physics

Textiles and Design

(Part of the School Certificate English paper will also be day marked in Sydney)

REGIONAL AREAS

Subject	Venue
Agriculture	Tamworth
English Standard	Tamworth
English Standard	Coffs Harbour
English Advanced	Wagga Wagga
English Advanced	Bathurst



THE PROCESS OF MARKING

Trialling and finalisation of marking guidelines

The main areas for refinement of the HSC marking process are concerned with the trialling and finalisation of marking guidelines.

These are points where:

- marking guidelines are checked against sample student responses
- marking schemes are developed
- benchmark scripts are selected
- practice marking takes place in small groups to ensure agreement about the marks awarded.

At the marking centre the Supervisor of Marking and Chief Examiner brief the senior markers about the marking process and application of guidelines.

The Supervisor of Marking works with the Chief Examiner (or nominee) in the pilot marking and the development of marking schemes and benchmarks.

Senior markers test the marking guidelines and select appropriate benchmarks.

Any adjustments to the marking guidelines identified during pilot marking are made at the marking centre by the Chief Examiner and the Supervisor of Marking in consultation with senior markers.

Additional briefing information is provided for markers with a detailed explanation of the basis for selection of benchmark examples.

Rigorous monitoring occurs between marking centres responsible for marking different sections of the same examination. The new position of Coordinating Supervisor has been created to ensure that consistent approaches are maintained across the marking centres and across exam papers with a similar format.

ESTABLISHED MARKING PROCEDURES

Once marking guidelines are finalised the marking process commences.

The Board has many established quality assurance procedures in place to ensure that every HSC student is awarded a mark that is consistent with his or her examination performance.

Multiple marking

Different markers mark each section or question in an examination and develop particular expertise in their part of the exam. Ten or more markers may be involved in marking parts of each student's exam paper.

Check marking

Throughout marking, an experienced senior marker examines a significant proportion of marked answers and checks the marks awarded by each marker.

Double marking

All answers that involve a lengthy written extended response are marked twice. Each marker is unaware of the other mark given. The two marks are averaged to give the final mark.



If marks differ significantly a third independent marking is undertaken and the appropriate mark is awarded.

Control scripts

At regular intervals each marker in the marking team marks the same student response for a question. These markings are compared and any difference is explored. This process maintains consistency throughout the marking operation.

Marker reliability

The marks awarded by each marker are graphed every day and compared to marks awarded by other markers of the same question. If one graph varies from the others, the reasons are investigated.



10 Reporting student achievement at the HSC

Reporting results in Board Developed Courses

Students' results in Board Developed Courses are reported by an examination mark, a moderated school assessment mark (see p32), an HSC mark and a performance band. In the new 'standards-based' HSC, the Board of Studies reports student achievement in terms of standards achieved in a particular course. Performance band descriptions have been developed for each course, which describe typical achievement in Bands 2 to 6, where Band 6 is the highest standard, and a performance in Band 1 has not met the minimum standard expected. In Extension courses, there are four bands, Band E1 to Band E4.

The marks gained by students are aligned to the performance bands, with Band 6 comprising marks from 90 to 100, Band 5 from 80 to 89, and so on, so that Band 2 is the range 50–59. Students who have not met the minimum standard expected receive a mark less than 50. Students are awarded marks based on the standard of performance they have demonstrated, not on any predetermined distribution of marks.

Aligning marks to standards means that a reported mark of, say, 78, in a particular course represents the same standard of achievement from year to year.

Students who are absent from an examination for which they are entered, and who do not have an Illness/Misadventure appeal upheld, will receive neither an examination mark nor a moderated assessment mark for the course concerned.

DETERMINATION OF MARKS FOR BOARD DEVELOPED COURSES

The procedure used to align HSC marks to the established standards is based on the professional judgement of subject experts, informed by statistical data and student responses. It is a multistaged procedure that enables the subject experts to review and adjust their earlier decisions.

The standards for each course are captured in the performance band descriptions and in the HSC Standards Packages, which are sets of CD–ROMs that show samples of student work at each of the band cut-offs, illustrating what students at these cut-off points typically know, understand and can do.

The subject experts, known as 'judges', are experienced teachers and markers. They apply their knowledge of the standards to this year's examination to determine the examination mark that corresponds to the standard of performance at each of the band cut-offs. In applying the standards-setting procedure, the judges initially work individually, then meet to review and discuss the decisions they have made. Finally, they view samples of student examination responses near each of the cut-off marks to refine their judgements.

Stage 1

Working independently, each judge:

- uses the materials in the HSC Standards Packages to develop an 'image' of the knowledge, understanding and skills of students whose achievement would place them on the borderline between Band 5 and Band 6
- records the mark for each examination question (or task) that a borderline Band 5/ Band 6 student would receive
- sums the individual marks giving the total examination mark that the judge believes corresponds to the borderline (or cut-off mark) between Band 5/Band 6.



The judges follow the same procedure for the other band borderlines. The recording sheets are collected and the cut-off marks proposed by each of the judges for each question are averaged. These averages are added to produce the first estimate of the examination mark that will represent the borderline between each pair of bands.

Stage 2

The judges meet to review and discuss the decisions they arrived at individually and their 'images' of the students at the borderlines between bands. They discuss their individual decisions and consider statistical reports. Each judge has the opportunity to modify any of the decisions he or she recorded during the first stage.

The judges' recording sheets are again collected and processed as in Stage 1. This results in a new set of band cut-off marks.

Stage 3

The judges have the opportunity to further refine their band cut-off marks when reviewing a sample of work by a student whose marks are equal to each of the proposed band cut-off marks. The judges also review student works above and below the proposed cut-off marks.

The judges' recording sheets are again collected and processed as in Stage 1. This results in a new set of band cut-off marks. These are the values that the judges will recommend to the Board's HSC Consultative Committee.

Reviewing and applying the decisions

The Consultative Committee meets with the judges before giving its approval to the cut-off marks to be used for the 2003 HSC examinations.

Once this is done the Board's computer is programmed so that the Band 5/Band 6 cut-off mark will be mapped to 90, the Band 4/Band 5 cut-off mark will be mapped to 80, and so on. Marks in between these key values are adjusted in a linear manner.

Reporting for Stage 6 Life Skills Courses

Students who satisfactorily complete a Stage 6 Life Skills Course will receive a Profile of Student Achievement to be issued by the school. The Profile of Student Achievement reports on student performance for each of the syllabus outcomes that the student has been working towards during Stage 6.

Reporting of results in Board Endorsed Courses

These courses are not examined by the Board, and results are reported in terms of assessment marks submitted by schools and colleges. These marks are not moderated and cannot be compared with marks awarded in similar courses at other schools or for Board Developed Courses. Board Endorsed Courses have the symbols *** in the space designated for the examination mark.



Reporting Vocational Education and Training (VET) courses

Students who successfully complete any VET course within the HSC will receive:

- recognition of the course and its unit value on their HSC Record of Achievement
- details of examination performance where the course has an optional HSC examination and the student has attempted the examination
- a VET Certificate, or Statement of Attainment within the Australian Qualifications Framework, as appropriate.

In Industry Curriculum Frameworks and VET Content Endorsed Courses, students also receive an individual Student Competency Record issued by the school or course provider giving specific information on units of competency or modules successfully completed.

HSC Credentials

TESTAMUR

Students who meet all the requirements will be awarded a Higher School Certificate. This certificate shows the student's name and school.

RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENT

Students who satisfactorily complete at least one Preliminary or one HSC course will receive a Record of Achievement. For students who are accumulating or repeating courses, the Record of Achievement will list all courses satisfactorily completed in each year, and the results in those courses.

Courses that were studied but not satisfactorily completed are not reported on the Record of Achievement.

HSC COURSE REPORTS

A Course Report will be issued for each Board Developed HSC Course completed. It will show:

- school assessment mark
- examination mark
- HSC mark (the average of the assessment mark and examination mark)
- performance band with a description of what a student typically knows and can do at that level of achievement
- a graph showing where the mark lies in relation to all candidates' marks for the course.

Students who have completed requirements for one or more Board Developed VET Courses will also receive an AQF Certificate or Statement of Attainment listing units of competency that have been satisfactorily completed.

Students who have completed requirements for one or more Board Developed Life Skills Courses will also receive a Profile of Student Achievement from their school.



STUDENT'S RESULT NOTICE

Result Notices are issued to students who are not enrolled at an accredited school or a school recognised by the Board. Such students cannot receive either a Record of Achievement or a Higher School Certificate testamur. The Result Notice is a cumulative record, which will list the courses satisfactorily completed and the results achieved.

The Universities Admission Index (UAI)

WHAT IS THE UAI?

The Universities Admission Index (UAI) is a rank which reports a student's achievement in relation to that of other students. Universities use the UAI as one of several measures to select school leavers for university study. The Universities Admissions Centre (UAC) releases the UAI.

The Universities Admissions Centre will send students separate advice of their UAI at the same time as the Board sends out students' HSC results. The UAI is confidential and will be known only by the student, UAC and the universities to which the student has applied.

WHO CALCULATES THE UAI AND HOW IS IT CALCULATED?

The universities determine the requirements for the UAI. It is calculated by the universities' Technical Committee on Scaling. The UAI is released by the Universities Admissions Centre (UAC). The Board provides HSC marks for individual students to the Chair of the Technical Committee on Scaling, for the purpose of calculating students' UAIs.

To be eligible for a UAI students must satisfactorily complete at least 10 units (including at least two units of English) of Board Developed Courses for which there are formal examinations conducted by the Board of Studies.

Board Developed Courses must include at least three courses of two units or greater and at least four subjects.

The UAI will be based on an aggregate of scaled marks in 10 units of Board Developed Courses comprising the best two units of English and the best eight units from the remaining units. No more than two units of Category B courses will be included.

The UAI may include units accumulated by a candidate over a period of up to five years. If a course is repeated, only the last satisfactory attempt is used in the calculation of the UAI.

The scaling process used to calculate the UAI enables marks obtained in different courses to be added together for tertiary entrance purposes. The scaling procedure modifies the mean, the standard deviation and the maximum mark in a course, using as a criterion the overall demonstrated academic attainment of the course candidature. It is not valid to add the marks from the Board's Record of Achievement in an attempt to approximate a UAI, as doing so takes no account of the comparative difference between candidates in different courses.

The UAIs are confidential and released by the committee to the UAC, which then provides them to:

- students who have requested a UAI
- universities to which the students have applied.

Under the agreement with the Board, UAIs are not provided to either the Board or individual schools.



11 Websites

The Board of Studies website www.boardofstudies.nsw.edu.au

Since the Office of the Board of Studies launched its website on the World Wide Web in September 1995, millions of teachers, students and parents have accessed the Board's website for information about the School Certificate, the Higher School Certificate (including past examination papers and reports) and other Board publications. Many regard the website as their 'filing cabinet online', as it contains many important documents to which they refer frequently.

- More than 100 000 pages are viewed every day throughout the year. Web ranking organisation Hitwise places the Board's website at fourth or fifth most popular State Government website of all sites accessed by Australians.
- The average volume of files downloaded each day is 3 gigabytes, rising to nearly 6.5 gigabytes a day in the lead-up to the HSC. Throughout the year, about 86 people are using the website every hour.
- Students doing the HSC can access a calendar of important dates leading up to the examinations, as well as the HSC examination timetable. They can also download or view copies of syllabuses, support materials, past HSC examination papers and HSC examiners' reports on the past HSC papers.
- Students and teachers can view Board of Studies publications such as Board Bulletin, which offers important news and updates about Board activities and decisions.
- About 70 emails a day are received on the Board's website with orders for Board products, inquiries about the availability of particular documents and requests for general information. These are directed to the appropriate Board officer for attention.
- The Board of Studies updates its site daily. The process for the web publication of documents has been refined so that the document may appear on the website within an hour of the final version being authorised for publication.
- A list of links to school websites throughout Australia is maintained, now numbering
 in the thousands. School websites and email contacts are listed at the request of the
 school only.
- Many access the website through links with the Department of Education and Training and Charles Sturt University NSW HSC Online website (http://hsc.csu.edu.au) and other link pages where the Board site is listed, such as the Macquarie University Library link pages.

NSW HSC Online http://hsc.csu.edu.au

The NSW HSC Online website gives students sitting for the HSC access to a wealth of HSC resources and support, no matter where they live.

NSW HSC Online's materials have been developed by highly experienced HSC teachers and examiners. Each subject area has sections for tutorials, exams and resources, and provides detailed information on core and elective topics.



The NSW HSC Online also includes study and exam techniques, information for teachers about online teaching techniques and research, links to schools, and a segment called 'Beyond the HSC', where students can find information on post-HSC options and careers.

In 2001 the website was completely redesigned to support the changed HSC. In response to requests by teachers and students, a section has been added to support the parents of HSC students.

It makes help available to students in most major HSC subjects, including Aboriginal Studies, Agriculture, Ancient History, Biology, Business Studies, Chemistry, Dance, Design and Technology, Drama, Economics, English (all courses), Food Technology, French, Geography, German, Indonesian, Japanese, Legal Studies, Mathematics (all courses), Modern History, Music, PDHPE, Physics, Society and Culture, and Visual Arts. The site is constantly being updated and expanded.

The NSW HSC Online project is a joint venture between the Department of Education and Training and Charles Sturt University. It is supported by the Board of Studies NSW and the Professional Teachers' Council.



12 Showcase of outstanding HSC performances and works

The HSC students of 2003 will participate in a range of exhibitions and performances of outstanding works.

ARTEXPRESS

ARTEXPRESS is an exhibition of outstanding 'bodies of work' produced by students for the 2003 HSC examination in Visual Arts. The exhibition is shown in city, metropolitan and regional centres. The bodies of work will be in a range of media including photography, video, digital media, painting, drawing, sculpture, textiles and fibre, ceramics, collection of works, design, graphics, digital animation, and documented forms.

The full program is as follows:

METROPOLITAN VENUES AND DATES 2004

David Jones 19 January – 25 January
Art Gallery NSW 17 January – 21 March
Hazelhurst Art Gallery 9 February – 21 March
College of Fine Arts 16 February – 26 March
National Art School 25 February – 19 March

REGIONAL TOUR SCHEDULE 2004/5

Newcastle Region Gallery 26 March – 30 May

Orange 7 June – 4 July

Taree – Manning 9 July – 25 July

Albury 30 July – 29 August

Grafton 20 September – 24 October

Campbelltown 3 December – 7 January 2005

For further information, please contact the Exhibitions Officer/ARTEXPRESS, NSW Department of Education and Training Performing Arts Unit on (02) 9318 0517 or 0408 967 712.

ENCORE

ENCORE is an annual concert of outstanding music performances and compositions from HSC Music students. The concert was first held in 1989, and since 1993 ENCORE has been presented in the Concert Hall of the Sydney Opera House. ENCORE will take place on 29 March 2004 and will this year feature both a matinee and evening concert due to the huge demand for tickets.

In ENCORE, students will present original compositions and performances in a range of styles and genres that include vocal/choral music, chamber music, orchestral music, art music, jazz, popular music and music for theatre. These represent exemplars of students' study of the HSC Music courses in Music 1, Music 2 and Music Extension. The concept will include solo, small and large ensemble pieces.



DesignTECH

DesignTECH is an exhibition of outstanding major design projects by HSC Design and Technology students. The exhibition includes the portfolios which provide a valuable insight into design and production processes.

Projects are selected for DesignTECH on the basis of innovative design, quality production techniques and technological applications.

DesignTECH will be exhibited in Sydney at the Powerhouse Museum from 6 December 2003 – 7 March 2004.

The exhibition will tour as follows:

REGIONAL TOUR SCHEDULE 2004

Nowra 16 March – 21 March
Orange 24 March – 30 March

Newcastle 2 April – 26 April

Wagga Wagga 29 April – 9 May

Armidale 12 May – 18 May

Ballina 21 May – 26 May

OnSTAGE

Exemplary Drama students from the 2003 HSC will have an opportunity to present individual and/or group performances at OnSTAGE. Scripts, video dramas and design projects are also exhibited along with applied research projects.

OnSTAGE comprises two different performance programs as well as an exhibition of individual projects. The OnSTAGE season will be from 31 January to 7 February 2004 at the York Theatre, Seymour Theatre Centre, Chippendale NSW.

Writers OnSTAGE/OnSCREEN is a rehearsed reading of exemplary scripts from the script-writing individual project. Student drama video projects will also be shown during Writers OnSTAGE/OnSCREEN. Writers OnSTAGE/OnSCREEN will take place daily from 3 to 6 February 2004 in the Everest Theatre, Seymour Theatre Centre.

For further information on DesignTECH, ENCORE and OnSTAGE, please contact the Exhibitions Coordinator, Office of the Board of Studies on (02) 9367 8309.



13 2003 School Certificate

Key reforms to the School Certificate

The new School Certificate, introduced in 1998, has added greater meaning and purpose to Year 10 study, promoting continuity between Years 10 and 11, ensuring that students are completing meaningful work until the end of the year and raising standards and student expectations.

A total of 82 849 students will sit the statewide School Certificate Tests this year.

In order to receive a School Certificate in 2003, students must sit for the tests in English-literacy, Mathematics, Science and Australian History, Geography, Civics and Citizenship.

The Statewide tests in English-literacy and Science will be held on Monday, 10 November 2003, and in Mathematics and Australian History, Geography, Civics and Citizenship on Tuesday, 11 November 2003.

The School Certificate documents use descriptive reporting and provide students with school-based grades and their own marks in statewide tests. The reports give students, parents and employers more information on what students know and can do.

Eligibility for the School Certificate

To be eligible for the School Certificate in 2003 students must:

- attend a government school or accredited non-government school in NSW, or a school outside NSW recognised by the Board of Studies
- have satisfactorily completed a Board-approved program of study
- have undertaken the School Certificate Tests in English-literacy, Mathematics, Science and Australian History, Geography, Civics and Citizenship
- have completed Year 10.

Key learning areas

To receive the School Certificate, students must study the following five key learning areas (KLAs) each year in Years 7–10:

English

Mathematics

Science

Human Society and Its Environment

Personal Development, Health and Physical Education.

During Years 7–10, students are also required to study courses in the key learning areas of Technological and Applied Studies, Creative Arts and Languages.

Students may also be credentialled for the satisfactory completion of additional (or elective) Board Developed Courses undertaken during Years 9 and 10.



2003 School Certificate statistics²

GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION

Location METROPOLITAN	Female	Male	Total	Percentage
Metropolitan East	5 038	5 064	10 102	12.19%
Metropolitan North	3 435	3 606	7 041	8.50%
Metropolitan South West	6 204	6 192	12 396	14.96%
Metropolitan North West	6 702	7 099	13 801	16.66%
Total	21 379	21 961	43 340	52.31 %
COUNTRY				
Hunter	5 191	5 290	10 481	12.65%
North Coast	3 691	3 766	7 457	9.00%
North West	1 669	1 602	3 271	3.95%
Riverina	2 206	2 380	4 586	5.54%
South Coast	4 343	4 527	8 870	10.71%
Western	2 353	2 372	4 725	5.70%
Total	19 453	19 937	39 390	47.54%
Other	67	52	119	0.14%
Total of all areas	40 899	41 950	82 849	100.00%

 $^{^2}$ Location according to Board of Studies Liaison Officer (BOSLO) regions. Maps of BOSLO regions are located at the end of Part B.



Reporting of results

Students will receive a School Certificate folio of results comprising:

- School Certificate testamur
- Record of Achievement Part A
- Record of Achievement Part B
- a Test Report for each of the tests in English-literacy, Mathematics, Science, Australian History, Civics and Citizenship and Australian Geography, Civics and Citizenship.

TESTAMUR

Students will receive a School Certificate testamur that states that the student has met all Board requirements.

RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENT PART A

This is a cumulative record of all courses completed in Years 9 and 10 along with grades awarded by the school and the hours of study. Students also receive a statement on this Record of Achievement regarding the satisfactory completion of the mandatory requirements.

Schools will award grades (A–E) to their students in all courses, using course performance descriptors developed by the Board of Studies. These descriptors are descriptions of typical student achievement. The descriptors are grouped into five different levels, ranging from 'excellent' to 'elementary'.

Grade A	Excellent achievement. Extensive knowledge and understanding of the course content and high level of competence.
Grade B	High level of achievement. Thorough knowledge, understanding and competence.
Grade C	Substantial achievement. Sound knowledge and competence.
Grade D	Satisfactory achievement. Acceptable knowledge and understanding and basic level of competence in the processes and skills of the course.
Grade E	Elementary achievement. Elementary knowledge and understanding and limited competence in the processes and skills of the course.

In each course, schools will match each student to the course performance descriptor that best fits the student's overall achievement in the course. The grade that corresponds with that descriptor is then awarded to the student. The use of these descriptors in assigning grades to students is designed to ensure comparability in the grades awarded by different schools.

RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENT PART B

This shows the results achieved by the student in the School Certificate Tests in English-literacy, Mathematics, Science, and Australian History, Civics and Citizenship and Australian Geography, Civics and Citizenship. For each test, it shows:

- the mark awarded (out of a possible 100)
- the band achieved (from 1 to 6). Band 1 is the lowest band and Band 6 the highest.



TEST REPORTS

In addition, students receive a report for each test that provides more detail of their performance. A vertical scale from 0 to 100 is divided into the six bands, where:

Band 1 corresponds to the marks from 0 to 49

Band 2 corresponds to the marks from 50 to 59

Band 3 corresponds to the marks from 60 to 69

Band 4 corresponds to the marks from 70 to 79

Band 5 corresponds to the marks from 80 to 89

Band 6 corresponds to the marks from 90 to 100.

For Bands 2 to 6, there is a paragraph that describes the knowledge and skills typically demonstrated by a student whose results fall within that band.

The student's test mark is represented on this vertical scale. A graph drawn along the scale shows the distribution of marks awarded to all the students who have sat the test. This indicates the position of the student within the total candidature of the test.

Students who satisfactorily complete a Stage 5 Life Skills course in a key learning area will receive a Student Profile, which reports on student performance for each of the learning outcomes in that key learning area.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

In 2003 the tests in English-literacy and Science will be held on Monday 10 November. The tests in Mathematics, and in Australian History, Geography, Civics and Citizenship will be held on Tuesday 11 November.

It is a requirement for the award of the School Certificate that students attend until the final day of Year 10 as determined by the school system concerned or by the principal of non-systemic schools.

School Certificate award documents will arrive in schools for distribution to students by Thursday 11 December 2003.



14 The Board of Studies NSW

The Board of Studies NSW, established by the Education Act 1990 (NSW), is responsible for the conduct of the Higher School Certificate and the School Certificate, curriculum development, and registration and accreditation of non-government schools.

The membership of the Board includes a full-time President and three ex-officio members, with the remaining 19 members being appointed by the Minister for Education and Training as nominees of particular organisations or persons with identified knowledge or expertise.

Board Members

President of the Board

Professor Gordon Stanley

Ex-officio Members

Nominees of the Director-General, Department of Education and Training, and the Managing Director, TAFE NSW.

Mr Trevor Wootten

Dr Gary Willmott

Dr Michele Bruniges

Appointed Members

Nominee of the New South Wales Vice-Chancellors' Committee:

Professor Kevin McConkey

Nominees of the Council of the Federation of Parents & Citizens Associations of New South Wales:

Mr Ian Morris (representing parents of primary school children)

Ms Dianne Butland (representing parents of secondary school children)

Nominee of the Catholic Education Commission of New South Wales:

Dr Brian Croke

Nominee of the Association of Independent Schools, the Headmasters' Conference and the Association of Heads of Independent Girls Schools:

Mr Phillip Heath

Non-government school teacher being a nominee of the NSW Independent Education Union:

(vacant)

Parent of a child attending a non-government school, being a nominee of the Council of Catholic School Parents and the New South Wales Parents Council:

Ms Caroline Benedet

Principals of government schools, one being a nominee of the New South Wales Council of Primary School Principals and the other being a nominee of the New South Wales Council of Secondary School Principals:

Ms Janet Chan (representing primary schools)

Ms Judith King (representing secondary schools)



Nominees of the New South Wales Teachers Federation, one being a government primary school teacher (other than a principal) and the other being a government secondary school teacher (other than a principal):

Ms Theresia Zadkovich (primary school teacher)

Dr Mary Fogarty (secondary school teacher)

Person with knowledge and expertise in early childhood education:

Associate Professor Sue Dockett

Aboriginal person with knowledge and expertise in the education of Aboriginal people:

Mr Charles Davison

Six other persons having, in the Minister's opinion, qualifications or experience that enables them to make a valuable contribution to primary or secondary education in New South Wales:

Professor Anthony Blake AM

Br Kelvin Canavan AM

Mr Stepan Kerkyasharian AM

Ms Susan Gazis

Dr Meredith Martin

Mr John Gelling

Responsibilities of the Board

In relation to the Higher School Certificate, the Board is responsible for:

- developing and endorsing courses of study
- regulating the conduct of examinations and assessments, and the recording of students' achievements in them
- granting the Higher School Certificate
- providing the Preliminary and HSC Records of Achievement and/or Result Notices
- providing advice and assistance to students, employers and the public regarding the
 nature and content of secondary courses, assessment and examination procedures,
 and the reporting of students' achievements in them.

The Board has a number of standing committees that make recommendations to the Board concerning syllabus and examination requirements.



Staff of the Office of the Board of Studies

The staff of the Office of the Board of Studies involved with the Higher School Certificate provide administrative, technical and professional support in the following areas:

- designing Higher School Certificate courses
- preparing Higher School Certificate examination papers
- planning, conducting, marking and processing Higher School Certificate examinations
- processing student assessments
- issuing the certificate, Records of Achievement and/or Result Notices and course reports
- conducting statistical analyses
- facilitating and coordinating the HSC Advice Line
- planning and conducting the Higher School Certificate Examination Inquiry Centre
- advising schools of Board policy and procedures directly and through Board Liaison Officers
- communicating information about the Higher School Certificate to school students, parents and the community
- developing high-profile exhibitions to demonstrate students' achievements and excellence at HSC level.

The staff of the Office of the Board of Studies also provides similar support to the committees of the Board that deal with the School Certificate.

Board of Studies Liaison Officers

The Office of the Board of Studies has ten Board Liaison Officers (BOSLOs) located across the State.

A Board of Studies Liaison Officer is:

- the Board's representative who works closely with government and non-government schools
- the immediate contact person within a region for any inquiries from interested parties on Board-related matters
- a communications link between the Board and schools
- available to assist schools in design, implementation and evaluation of their assessment programs
- the coordinator of Board Endorsed Courses and TAFE programs within the region
- a member of the Higher School Certificate Illness/Misadventure Appeals Review Panel
- involved in the Higher School Certificate Examination Inquiry Centre to assist students with interpretation of their Higher School Certificate results.



The Board of Studies Liaison Officer may assist with:

- statistics on course entries for the region
- factual information concerning the Higher School Certificate such as the Higher School Certificate examination timetables, HSC eligibility and course requirements
- school liaison (in consultation with government and non-government school systems).

The Board of Studies Liaison Officers are:

Metropolitan North Mr Paul Carnemolla 9367 8356

Metropolitan South West Ms Jenny Bryant 9806 0932

Hunter Ms Jan Nelson 4924 9976

North West Mr Wilfried Keller 6755 5043

Riverina Mr David Lisle 6937 3889 **Metropolitan East** Mr Scott Thomson 9314 7987

Metropolitan North West Ms Vivien Brewer 9806 0931

North Coast Ms Edwina McCoy 6659 3274

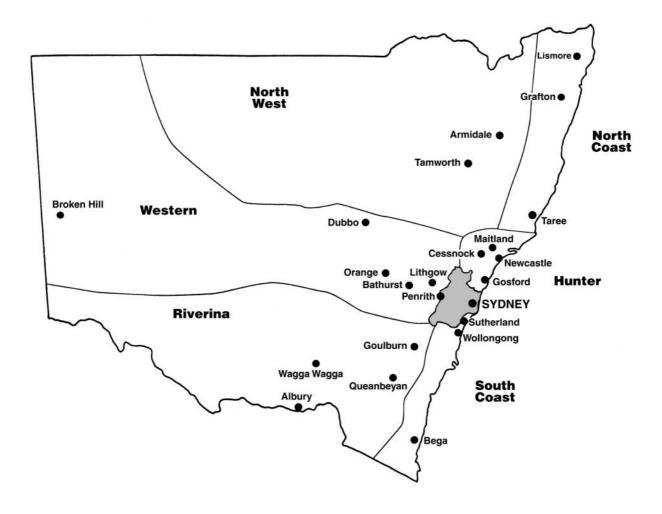
Western Ms Kathleen Prudence 6334 8048

South Coast Mr John Gildea 4224 9940



15 Board of Studies Liaison Officer (BOSLO) area maps

New South Wales





Area Maps – Sydney Metropolitan

