2015 HSC Mathematics General 2 Marking Guidelines

Section I

Multiple-choice Answer Key

Question	Answer
1	D
2	A
3	В
4	A
5	В
6	С
7	В
8	С
9	В
10	A
11	D
12	С
13	A
14	С
15	В
16	D
17	С
18	A
19	D
20	A
21	С
22	D
23	D
24	В
25	С

Section II

Question 26 (a)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Makes progress towards the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

$$\frac{18\times26}{4}=117$$

Question 26 (b)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Makes progress towards the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

Dosage =
$$\frac{35 \times 3150}{70}$$
$$= 1575 \text{ mg}$$

Number of tablets =
$$\frac{1575}{525}$$

= 3

Question 26 (c)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Makes progress towards the correct answer	1

$$\frac{40}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 6400 = 4468.042...$$
distance = 4468 km

Question 26 (d)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Makes progress towards the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

$$A = 320 (1 + 0.029)^5$$
amount = \$369.17

Question 26 (e) (i)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

$$1 - 0.83 = 0.17$$

Question 26 (e) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

$$1 - 0.14 = 0.86$$

Question 26 (f)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression for the area	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

$$0.71 \times 4 \times \pi \times 6400^2 = 365450163.7...$$

$$area = 3.7 \times 10^8 \text{ km}^2$$

Question 26 (g)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression of the total	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct solution	2
Correctly calculates the cost of the calls or makes progress towards the cost of the data	1

Sample answer:

= \$96.36

Question 27 (a)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct solution	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

Sample answer:

$$\frac{\text{shadow}}{19.2} = \frac{5}{1.65}$$

$$\text{shadow} = \frac{5}{1.65} \times 19.2$$

$$= 58.18...$$

$$= 58 \text{ m}$$

Question 27 (b)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression for the number of drops per minute	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

$$\frac{2400 \times 15}{12 \times 60} = 50 \text{ drops/min}$$

Question 27 (c) (i)

Criteria	Marks
• Provides the correct values for x and y	2
Provides one correct value, or equivalent merit	1

Sample answer:

$$x + 18y = 1510$$

$$x + 36y = 2770$$

$$18y = 1260$$

$$y = 70$$

$$x + 18 \times 70 = 1510$$

$$x = 1510 - 18 \times 70$$

$$= 250$$

Question 27 (c) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Attempts to use \$4800 and the solution from (i) to find the number of months or equivalent merit	1

$$($4800 - 250) \div 70 = 65$$
 months

Question 27 (d) (i)

Criteria	Marks
Determines that it is an outlier, justified with correct calculations	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct solution	2
Calculates correctly the IQR, or equivalent merit	1

Sample answer:

$$IQR = 680 - 490 = $190$$

$$$680 + 1.5 \times $190 = $965$$

 \therefore Since \$970 > \$965, it is an outlier.

Question 27 (d) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

The standard deviation is not affected.

Question 27 (e)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct answer	2
Provides one correct conversion	1

42 MB =
$$42 \times 2^{20} \times 8$$

= $352 \ 321 \ 536 \ \text{bits}$
Time = $\frac{352 \ 321 \ 536}{500 \times 1000}$
= $704.643... \ \text{seconds}$
= $11.744... \ \text{minutes}$
= $11 \ \text{minutes} \ 45 \ \text{seconds}$

Question 28 (a)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression for the area	1

Sample answer:

$$\pi(5^2 - 3^2) = 50.265...$$

area $= 50.3 \text{ cm}^2$

Question 28 (b)

Criteria	Marks
• Determines that the claim is correct, justified with correct and appropriate calculations	2
• Correctly calculates one z-score or equivalent merit	1

Sample answer:

Maths z-score:
$$\frac{74-70}{6.5} = 0.6153$$

English *z*-score:
$$\frac{80-75}{8} = 0.625$$

 \therefore Kristoff is correct since English *z*-score is higher than Maths *z*-score.

Question 28 (c)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct answer	2
• Makes some relevant progress, eg correct value of <i>h</i> or correct conversion to litres	1

Sample answer:

Simpson's Rule:

$$V = \frac{h}{3} [A_L + 4A_M + A_R]$$
$$= \frac{15}{3} [45 + 4 \times 180 + 35]$$

 $Volume = 4000 \text{ cm}^3$

Capacity = 4000 mL= 4 L

Question 28 (d)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Substitutes correctly into the formula	1

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

$$3 = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

$$\frac{27}{5} = F - 32$$

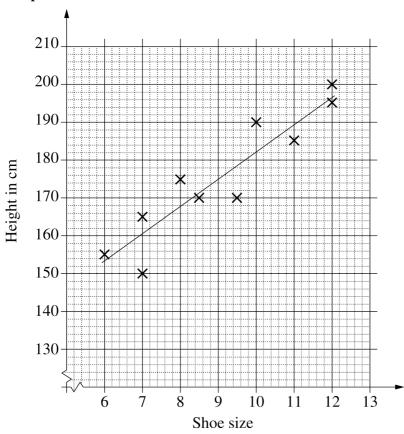
$$F = 32 + \frac{27}{5}$$

$$\therefore 3^{\circ}C = 37.4^{\circ}F$$

Question 28 (e) (i)

Criteria	Marks
Correctly completes the scatterplot AND draws line of fit	2
Plots the points correctly or draws line of fit using plotted points	1

Sample answer:



Question 28 (e) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer from the line of fit drawn	1

Sample answer:

175 cm - 164 cm = 11 cm

Question 28 (e) (iii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct explanation	1

Sample answer:

All points do not lie on a line.

Question 28 (f) (i)

	Criteria	Marks
•	Provides the correct equation	1

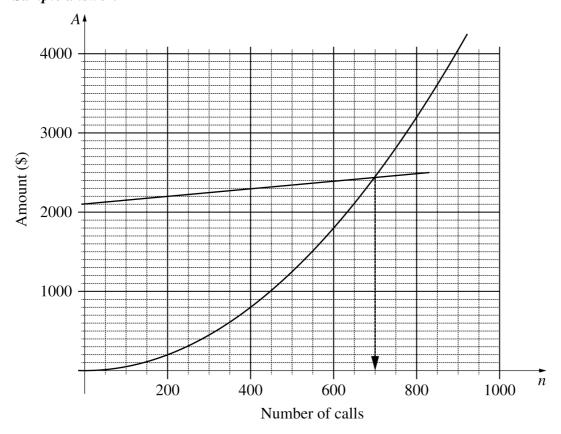
Sample answer:

$$C = 2100 + 0.5n$$

Question 28 (f) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Correctly graphs the equation and determines the correct breakeven point	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

Sample answer:



The charity needs to make 700 calls.

Question 29 (a)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression for the amount paid	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

Sample answer:

$$\left(\frac{18.4}{100} \times 425\right) \times \frac{12}{365} = \$2.57$$

 \therefore Total amount paid = \$2.57 + \$425 = \$427.57

Question 29 (b)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	2
Makes progress towards the correct answer	1

Sample answer:

 $(8 \times 12 \times \$1880) - 80000$

= \$180480 - 80000

= \$100 480

Question 29 (c) (i)

Criteria	Marks
Determines the scale and correctly verifies the area	2
Makes progress towards verifying the area, eg finds correct scale	1

Sample answer:

$$1 \text{ cm} = 3 \text{ m} (12 \div 4 = 3)$$

 $6 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow 18 \text{ m}$
Area = $18 \times 12 \text{ m}^2$
= 216 m^2

Question 29 (c) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct answer	2
Calculates the volume of water, or equivalent merit	1

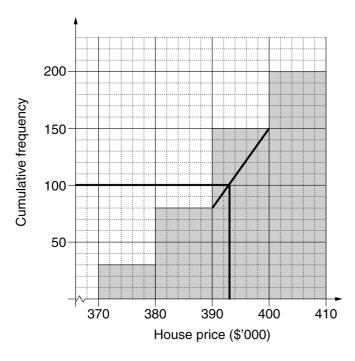
$$V = 216 \times 0.005 \text{ (m}^3\text{)}$$

= 1.08 (m³)
∴ 1.08 = π × 1.8² × h
h = 0.106103...
= 0.106... m
Increase in depth \doteqdot 0.106 m
 \doteqdot 106 mm

Question 29 (d) (i)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct estimate	1

Sample answer:



Median House Price = \$393 000

Question 29 (d) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct answer	2
Provides at least 2 correct class centres with correct corresponding frequencies	1

Sample answer:

Class centre (\$'000)	Frequency
375	30
385	50
395	70
405	50

$$\overline{x} = \frac{(375 \times 30) + (385 \times 50) + (395 \times 70) + (405 \times 50)}{200}$$
= \$392

∴ Mean House Price = \$392 000

Question 29 (e)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct explanation	2
Makes a correct interpretation using the graph	1

Sample answer:

The diving board is 8 m above the water (where the graph cuts the vertical axis). To find how high the diver was above the board, subtract 8 metres from the maximum height of the graph which is approximately 9.2 m (or which occurs at 0.5 on the horizontal axis).

Question 30 (a)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression for the saving	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

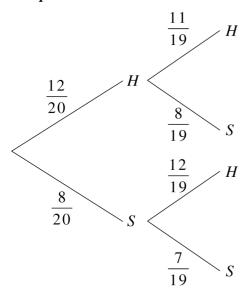
Sample answer:

$$20 \times \frac{21}{1000} \times 0.31 \times 11 \times 7 \times 24 = $240.61$$

: The school saves \$240.61

Question 30 (b)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct probability	3
Makes significant progress towards the correct answer	2
Correctly completes the probability tree, or equivalent merit	1



$$P(\text{one of each type}) = P(HS) + P(SH)$$

$$= \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{19} + \frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{19}$$

$$= \frac{48}{95}$$
OR 0.505 or 50.5%

Question 30 (c) (i)

Criteria	Marks
 Provides a correct numerical expression for the value 	1

Sample answer:

Question 30 (c) (ii)

Criteria	Marks	
Provides a correct numerical expression for the monthly repayment	2	
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1	

Sample answer:

Question 30 (d)

Criteria	Marks
Provides a correct numerical expression for the stopping distance	2
Makes progress towards the correct solution	1

Reaction – time distance =
$$s \times t$$

= $\frac{110\,000}{3600} \times 2$
= $61.11...$
Stopping distance = $61.11... + 59.2$
= $120.311...$
= 120 m

Question 30 (e) (i)

Criteria	Marks
• Correctly substitutes into the cosine rule to give a correct numerical expression for <i>PC</i>	1

Sample answer:

$$PC = \sqrt{5.4^2 + 1.8^2 - 2(5.4)(1.8)\cos 108^\circ}$$
$$= \sqrt{38.407...}$$

∴
$$PC = 6.1973...$$

Question 30 (e) (ii)

Criteria	Marks
Provides the correct answer	4
Makes significant progress towards finding PE, or equivalent merit	3
• Correctly calculates an angle in $\triangle PSC$, or equivalent merit	2
• Makes some progress towards the correct solution, eg attempts to find an angle in $\triangle PSC$ OR writes a correct trig equation involving h	1

$$\frac{\sin C}{5.4} = \frac{\sin 108^{\circ}}{6.197}$$
$$\sin C = 0.8287...$$
$$\therefore C = 55.969...^{\circ}$$
$$= 55^{\circ}58'$$

In
$$\triangle PCE$$
, $\cos 55^{\circ}58' = \frac{PE}{6.197}$
 $\therefore PE = 6.197 \times \cos 55^{\circ}58'$
 $= 3.468...$
 $\therefore h = 3.468 - 2.1$
 $= 1.3680...$
height $\doteqdot 1.37$ m

2015 HSC Mathematics General 2 Mapping Grid

Section I

Question	Marks		Content	Syllabus outcomes
1	1	MMI	Sig fig, sci notation	MGP-2
2	1	AM3	Simple Algebra (Adding like terms)	MG2H-3
3	1	FMI	Net pay	MGP-6
4	1	DSI	Classify Data	MGP-7
5	1	AM5	Identify Non-linear graphs	MG2H-3
6	1	DS4	Interpreting box and whisker plot	MG2H-1, 7
7	1	MM5	Radial Survey	MG2H-4
8	1	MM4	Volume of a cone/pyramid	MG2H-4
9	1	MM5	Right Angled Trigonometry	MG2H-4
10	1	FsDr2	Depreciation	MGP-6
11	1	AM3	Index Laws	MG2H-3
12	1	MM4	Percentage Error	MG2H-5
13	1	AM2	y = mx + b	MGP-2
14	1	MM6	Time Differences	MG2H-4
15	1	FM3	Tax	MGP-6
16	1	PB2	Probability	MG2H-8
17	1	FM4	PV of annuity (Compound interest)	MG2H-6
18	1	PB2	Counting Techniques	MG2H-8
19	1	FsHe3	Life Expectancy	MG2H-2
20	1	DS5	Normal Distribution	MG2H-7
21	1	PB2	Counting Techniques	MG2H-8
22	1	MM5	Area of a triangle	MG2H-4
23	1	FsDr3	BAC	MGP-3
24	1	AM3	Linear Equation	MG2H-3, 9
25	1	FsDr1	Car Insurance	MGP-6

Section II

26 (a) 2 DS6 Capture recapture MG2H-2 26 (b) 2 FSHe2 Medication MG2H-5 26 (c) 2 MM6 Simple Distance MG2H-4 26 (c) 1 PB1 Appreciation MGP-6 26 (c) (i) 1 PB1 Relative frequencies MGP-8 26 (c) (ii) 2 MM4 SA Sphere MG2H-4 26 (g) 3 FSC01 Mobile Phone MGP-4 27 (a) 2 MM3 Simultaneous equations MGP-4 27 (a) 2 AM4 Simultaneous equations MG2H-3 27 (c) (ii) 2 AM4 Simultaneous equations MG2H-3 27 (c) (ii) 3 DS4 Outliers MG2H-3 27 (d) (ii) </th <th>Question</th> <th>Marks</th> <th>Content</th> <th>Syllabus outcomes</th>	Question	Marks	Content	Syllabus outcomes
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26 (g) 3 FsCo1 Mobile Phone MGP-6 27 (a) 2 MM3 Similar Triangles MGP-4 27 (b) 2 FsHe2 Medication MG2H-5 27 (c) (ii) 2 AM4 Simultaneous equations MG2H-3 27 (d) (i) 2 AM4 Simultaneous equations MG2H-3 27 (d) (ii) 3 DS4 Outliers MG2H-2 MG2H-7 27 (d) (ii) 1 DS4 Standard Deviation MGP-10 27 (e) 3 FsCo2 Rates (File downloads) MGP-5 28 (a) 1 MM4 Annulus Area MG2H-4 28 (b) 2 DS5 z-scores MG2H-2 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-3 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-3 28 (e) (ii) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7<	26 (e) (ii)	1	PB1 Relative frequencies	MGP-8
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27 (d) (i) 3 DS4 Outliers MG2H-2 MG2H-7 27 (d) (ii) 1 DS4 Standard Deviation MGP-10 27 (e) 3 FsCo2 Rates (File downloads) MGP-5 28 (a) 1 MM4 Annulus Area MG2H-4 28 (b) 2 DS5 z-scores MG2H-2 MG2H-7 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-4 28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area	27 (c) (i)	2	AM4 Simultaneous equations	MG2H-3
27 (d) (ii) 1 DS4 Standard Deviation MGP-10 27 (e) 3 FsCo2 Rates (File downloads) MGP-5 28 (a) 1 MM4 Annulus Area MG2H-4 28 (b) 2 DS5 z-scores MG2H-2 MG2H-7 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-4 28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (ii) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-2 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volum	27 (c) (ii)	2	AM4 Simultaneous equations	MG2H-3
27 (e) 3 FsCo2 Rates (File downloads) MGP-5 28 (a) 1 MM4 Annulus Area MG2H-4 28 (b) 2 DS5 z-scores MG2H-2 MG2H-7 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-4 28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-2 4 MG2H-2 MG2H-1 MG2H-	27 (d) (i)	3	DS4 Outliers	MG2H-2 MG2H-7
28 (a) 1 MM4 Annulus Area MG2H-4 28 (b) 2 DS5 z-scores MG2H-2 MG2H-7 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-4 28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-2 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	27 (d) (ii)	1	DS4 Standard Deviation	MGP-10
28 (b) 2 DS5 z-scores MG2H-2 MG2H-7 28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-4 28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-2 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	27 (e)	3	FsCo2 Rates (File downloads)	MGP-5
28 (c) 3 FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume MG2H-4 28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	28 (a)	1	MM4 Annulus Area	MG2H-4
28 (d) 2 AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.) MG2H-3 28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-10	28 (b)	2	DS5 z-scores	MG2H-2 MG2H-7
28 (e) (i) 2 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-7 28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	28 (c)	3	FSRe2 Simpson's rule – Volume	MG2H-4
28 (e) (ii) 1 FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit MG2H-2 28 (e) (iii) 1 FsHe1 Correlation MG2H-7 28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-10	28 (d)	2	AM3 Sub in and solve (Temp.)	MG2H-3
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28 (f) (i) 1 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	28 (e) (ii)	1	FsHe1 Scatterplot and line of best fit	MG2H-2
28 (f) (ii) 2 AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic MG2H-3 29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	28 (e) (iii)	1	FsHe1 Correlation	MG2H-7
29 (a) 2 FM4 Credit Card MG2H-6 29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	28 (f) (i)	1	AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic	MG2H-3
29 (b) 2 FM5 Home loan graphs MG2H-6 29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	28 (f) (ii)	2	AM4 Breakeven using Quadratic	MG2H-3
29 (c) (i) 2 MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area MG2H-9 MG2H-4 29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	29 (a)	2	FM4 Credit Card	MG2H-6
29 (c) (ii) 3 MM2, FsRe2 Volume MG2H-4 29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	29 (b)	2	FM5 Home loan graphs	MG2H-6
29 (d) (i) 1 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	29 (c) (i)	2	MM2, FsRe2 Scale Drawing roof area	MG2H-9 MG2H-4
	29 (c) (ii)	3	MM2, FsRe2 Volume	MG2H-4
29 (d) (ii) 3 DS4 Grouped data MG2H-2 MG2H-10	29 (d) (i)	1	DS4 Grouped data	MG2H-2 MG2H-10
	29 (d) (ii)	3	DS4 Grouped data	MG2H-2 MG2H-10

Question	Marks	Content	Syllabus outcomes
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30 (a)	2	FsRe3 Energy Use	MG2H-5
30 (b)	3	PB2 Probability Tree	MG2H-8
30 (c) (i)	1	FM5 Present Value Table	MG2H-6
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30 (d)	2	FsDR3 Stopping Distances	MGP-5
30 (e) (i)	1	MM5 Trig, diagram given	MG2H-4
30 (e) (ii)	4	MM5 Trig, diagram given	MG2H-4