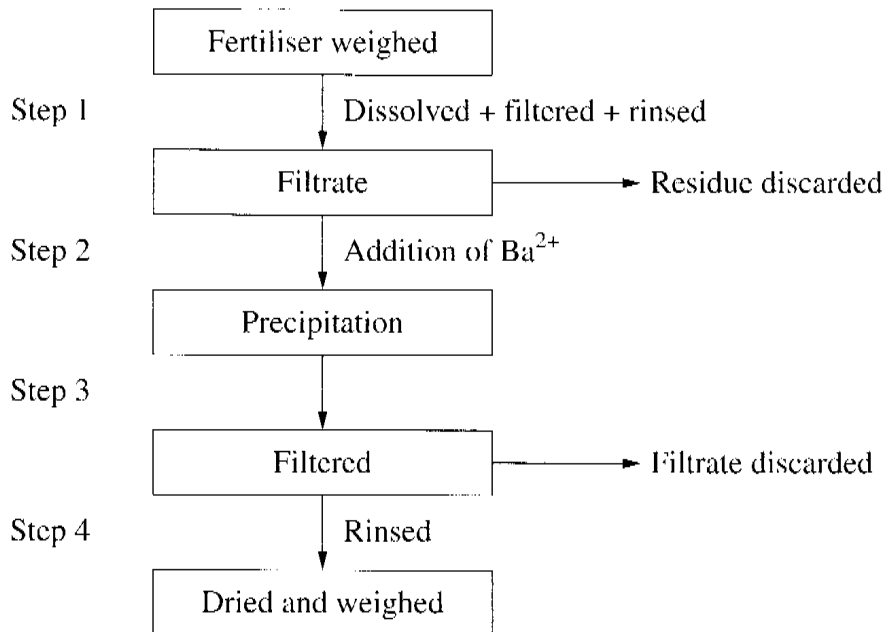


Question 29 (6 marks)

The flowchart shown outlines the process used to determine the amount of sulfate present in a sample of lawn fertiliser.



- (a) What assumptions were made and how do these affect the validity of this process? 3

That there were no sulfate precipitates in the discarded filtrate (might be in filtrate of Ba^{2+} residue) and that the $BaSO_4$ was dried to completion (ie. ^{no water} constant mass). The first would result in lost SO_4^{2-} and the second in an overestimation of $BaSO_4$. Both of these would reduce the validity of the result.

- (b) It was found that 4.25 g had a sulfate content of 35%. 3

What is the mass of the dried precipitate at Step 4? Include a chemical equation in your answer.

initially $SO_4 = 4.25 \times 35\%$
 $= 1.488 \text{ g}$
 $BaSO_4 = 233.37$
 $SO_4 = 96.07$
 $\therefore SO_4 = 41.2\% \text{ of } BaSO_4$
 so $1.488 = 41.2\% \text{ of final ppt}$
 so mass of ppt in Step 4 = 3.6 g