



2014 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

Examination

<p>Legal Studies</p> <hr/> <p>Section III</p>

Instructions

- Write the question number you are answering in this box. →

31b.

- Write the number of this booklet and the total number of booklets that you have used for this question (eg:

1

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3

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1

this booklet number of booklets for this question

- Write your Centre Number and Student Number at the top of this page.
- Write in black or blue pen (black is recommended).
- You may ask for an extra writing booklet if you need more space.
- If you have not attempted the question(s), you must still hand in the writing booklet, with 'NOT ATTEMPTED' written clearly on the front cover.
- You may NOT take any writing booklets, used or unused, from the examination room.

Start here.

When a state sovereignty does not wish to abide by or cause havoc it can become an issue to other countries and non-government entities to achieve some sort of world peace. But when a state sovereignty chooses to assist in the development of world order their assistance can turn the tide within the area of that state allowing the slow but eventual progress of world peace. In both cases it can also severely affect the outcome to a conflict involving two ~~state~~ sovereignties. For example, if one country goes to war with another, another state sovereignty may interfere for whichever side they choose, this can either speed the progress to end the conflict by creating more conflict or to interfere with negotiations so they can result in peace. The power of a state sovereignty allows them their own choices and free will.